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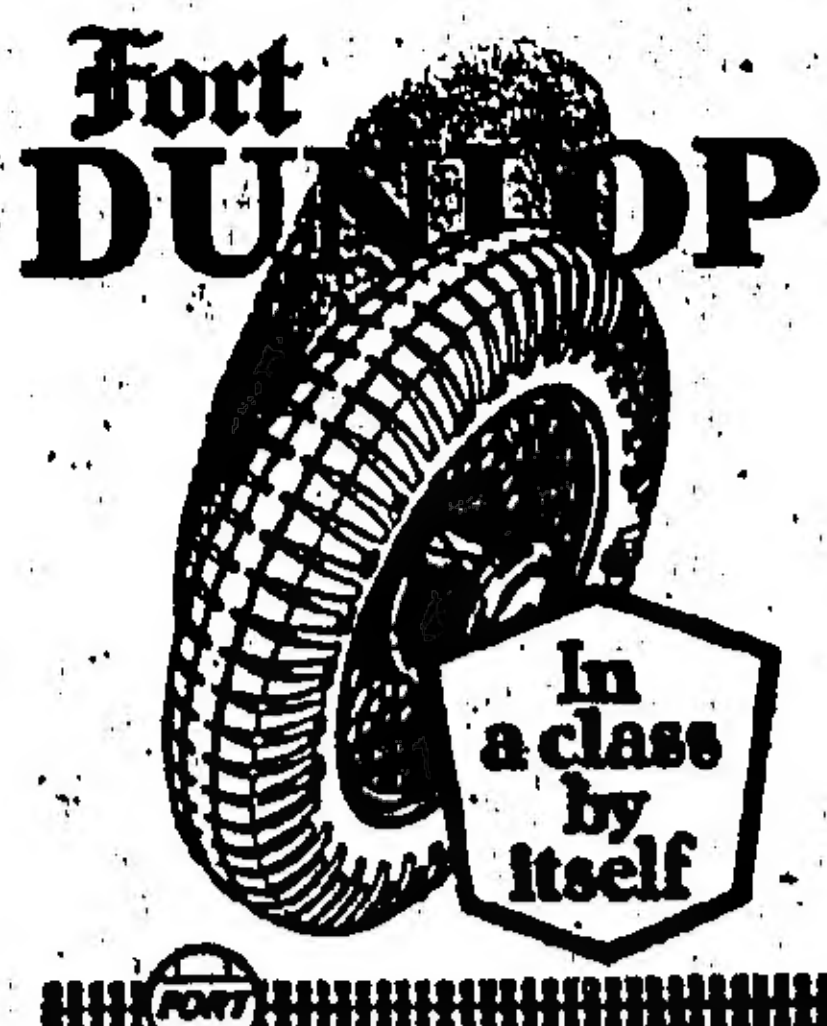
The China Mail

EIGHTY-EIGHTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION

No. 28,082

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BRITISH INDUSTRIAL SURVEY --- ENCOURAGING RESULTS.

SOMETHING TO BE PROUD ABOUT A DETAILED REVIEW OF BRITISH INDUSTRIES LEAD TO THE WORLD SECURING THE POSITION OF BRITAIN AND HER DOMINIONS.

London, Yesterday.
The operation of Abnormal Imports Orders has given British industries the greatest impetus since 1921, Mr. Runciman told Commons to-day. He also declared that Britain suffered in the world trade shrinkage less than any other country, while employment in Britain had, uniquely, increased, nearly half a million in a twelve-month. —Reuter.

Rugby, Yesterday.
The encouraging results of recent surveys of British industries were reviewed by the President of the Board of Trade to-day during a debate in the House of Commons.

Most Highly Industrialised Country in Europe.

He said that Britain was the most highly industrial country in Europe, with commercial activities still the greatest in the world. Britain's trade with Europe represented, until recently, nearly one-third of her foreign trade, but there had been a great shrinkage of European traffic. Britain would have suffered much more, but for the action taken since last August, and they could now look back on the effect of that policy with some satisfaction. The import of large quantities of goods, when the country could most easily afford to dispense with them, had been cut and non-essentials bought from abroad for more pressing needs had been harboured. The Abnormal Imports Orders, of last Winter, appeared to have kept down imports by at least eight million pounds sterling directly, and sixteen or seventeen million pounds sterling indirectly.

Activity in Yorkshire.

In the West Riding of Yorkshire, there was greater activity than for years past, mills having ceased short-time work and many of them were now working overtime.

Cotton Trade Improving.

There were signs of revival in some, although not all, branches of the cotton trade.

Electrical Machinery Doing Well.

The manufacture of electrical machinery was regaining its foreign market, as well as retaining its home customers.

Britain Has Suffered Less Than Other Countries.

If the measure of activities of British trade was taken, on exports alone, it would be found that Britain had suffered less from the world shrinkage than any other country.

Comparison With Other Countries.

There was, it is true, a decrease in the first quarter of this year of eleven million pounds sterling compared with that of the first quarter of last year, but, where as our diminution had been eleven points, United States shrinkage, taken over the whole of the three months, amounted to more than thirty-five per cent, while Germany fell twenty-one per cent, France thirty-three, and the Netherlands over thirty-four.

Something to Feel Proud About.

British industries had adapted themselves to the needs of the present time, and work people had shown a tranquillity and determination unrivalled in the world.

Financial Leadership.

Britain might be accused of slipping off the Gold Standard, and sacrificing the leadership of the financial world, but, as Lord Revelstoke had stated, while we have given up leadership nobody else had taken it up.

Employment.

From September, 1930, to March, 1931, the number in employment had diminished by well over a quarter of a million, but from September, 1931, to the end of March, 1932, there had been an increase of nearly a quarter of a million in employment. This remarkable change showed that the country's position had improved by no less than four hundred and eighty-six thousand in employment. While every other country showed a heavy decrease, Britain alone showed an increase in the number of persons employed.

British Manufacturers Extending and Expanding Works.

Over three hundred and ninety foreign manufacturers had, in the last nine months, contemplated the establishment of factories in Britain, whilst seventy British manufacturing firms were expanding their works or setting up new undertakings with the assistance of foreign experts. In the last few months, production had started in forty-three of these factories, built by manufacturers of many various nationalities and covering a wide range of industries, all of which were covered by the Importation Order of last Winter. He thought he could prophesy that some result would follow the very wide range of duties which had since been imposed.

Certain Depressed Industries.

The iron and steel industry, coal, marine engineering and shipbuilding, however, showed no material sign of improvement. Their condition was causing the greatest anxiety, and there appeared to be no chance of a revival in these industries, until there was a market revival in the world's trade.

Fostering Empire Trade.

Referring to the Ottawa Conference, Mr. Runciman said that they would go there with a sentiment strongly in favour of Imperial action. Britain had advantages to give the Dominions and they advantages to give us. Government was already making considerable progress in the sort-

THREE BIG LOCAL ESTATES.

Supreme Court Grants Probate of Wills.

MRS. A. M. HAMILTON.

The Supreme Court has granted re-sealing of a certified copy of the probate of the will of Alice Matilda Hamilton, widow, deceased, to the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton, solicitor, the lawful attorney of the two executrices named in the will.

Estate in the Colony is valued at \$17,100, and net personality at Home is returned at \$3,097.10.6.

The testatrix was late of 7, Queen's Parade, Cheltenham, Gloucester, and died on August 17, 1931, at the Royal Nursing Home, Cheltenham.

The executrices named are two of the testatrix's daughters, Maude Hamilton, and Evelyn Brookes (widow), both of Cheltenham. The will bequeaths everything to the two executrices, another of the testatrix's daughter, Constance Davey, and her son, Andrew Victor Hamilton, of Victoria, British Columbia.

Aged Merchant's Estate.

Estate in Hong Kong valued at \$15,800 was left by Li Tsau-po (otherwise spelt as Lee Chow-po), alias Li Po-tai, alias Li Shing-ho, merchant, who died at the age of 77 years at 23, Hill Road, on November 30, 1929.

Probate of the will has been granted to the testator's second son, Li Ng-cheong, alias Li Tak-choi, merchant, of 61, Bonham Strand West, who is the sole executor named.

The testator's kit fat wife predeceased him, and he is survived by a concubine, four sons, four daughters, and several grand-children. The will makes family bequests.

A Village's \$15,000.

Wong Yin, alias Wong Chiu-ling, late of Tai Po Ho Village, Toisan, Kwangtung, who died there on October 20, 1931, left estate in the Colony valued at \$15,000.

Probate of the will, which makes family bequests, has been granted to Wong Un Shi, Wong Lau Shi, Wong Yuen-tai, respectively the executrices and executor named by the testator. They all live at the village where testator died, and their temporary address in Hong Kong is given as 323, Reclamation Street, Mongkok.

ANOTHER PRISONER ESCAPES.

From Lai Chi Kok.

A brief message, circularised at Police Headquarters to-day, states that Keung Siu-leung, detained in Lai Chi Kok Prison since April 5, under the Deportation Ordinance, escaped last night. The disappearance of Keung, who was dressed in dark civilian clothing, was made known this morning. Keung who was awaiting banishment as an alleged Communist, is still at large.

ing of industries in which tariffs could be conferred with the greatest advantage, and the Dominions, also working on their own schedules, are examining the industries in which they think Britain can most help.

Any effort made to extend the trade of the Empire would not be on an exclusive basis, in the sense that it would shut Britain off from the rest of the world. Having made secure the position in Britain, the next stage was to extend trade within the Empire, as to extend British trade along from channels throughout the world. —British Wireless Service.

SERIOUS AFFRAY IN AUCKLAND.

Civilians Stage Riot and Loot Shops.

\$100,000 DAMAGE.

Auckland, Yesterday.
Fierce rioting and looting, in which hundreds of civilians and twenty-three policemen were injured and a hundred thousand pounds sterling worth of damage was done, broke out, when a body of unemployed clashed with the police at the conclusion of a procession of civil servants demonstrating against salary cuts.

Marines from the warship "Philomel" were summoned to quell the disorders. Hitherto twenty men have been arrested. —Reuter.

TWO CHINESE YOUTHS IN TROUBLE.

Theft of Clothing from Hennessey Road House.

BIRCH FOR YOUNGER THIEF.

Mr. Schofield was in humorous vein in the Central Police Court this morning, when dealing with a case in which two Chinese youths, one 15 and the other 18 years of age, were charged with the theft of clothing, the property of Mr. Rev. 180, Hennessey Road.

Inspector F. W. Shafton, prosecuting, said that on the afternoon of April 7, Mrs. Rev. left the house. Returning at night she found the lock on the front door had been removed, and the clothing missing. On April 13, a District watchman, on information received, arrested the first defendant, who was detained for enquiries. This led to the capture of the 18-year-old culprit.

The clothing was all recovered from pawnshops in the district. No criminal record was known of the first youth, but against the elder of the two, a previous conviction for stealing, for which he served two months' hard labour, last year, was proved.

His Worship, in binding the 15-year-old defendant over in a personal bond of \$50 to be of good behaviour for a year, remarked that he would give him 12 strokes with the cane for encouragement. Second defendant spilled when this sentence was passed on his accomplice in crime.

His Worship, observing that second defendant, who seemed to be very amused with the penalty imposed on the first defendant, passed sentence of four months' hard labour, pointing out that he did so, because the defendant went to commit the theft with a smaller boy!

CLOUDY.

The Royal Observatory's report issued this morning stated:—

A feeble anticyclone has developed over N. China.

An elongated depression is central over Korea.

Forecast:—N.E. winds, moderate; cloudy.

Rainfall.

For the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day—0.07 inch.

Total since January 1—5.31 inches against an average of 8.47 inches—deficit 2.56 inches.

Temperature.

Hong Kong 68

Macao 67

Pratas Island 74

Manila 74

Zocho 60

Amoy 63

Swatow 65

Chafco 41

Shanghai 58

BRITAIN PAYS UP.

All The World Admires Her Pluck.

HEROIC ACTION.

Shoulders Heavy Burden Unflinchingly.

London, Yesterday.
"All the world, particularly Americans, has watched with admiration the heroic manner in which the Government and people of Great Britain have faced difficulties and not hesitated to add to their already heavy burdens in order to meet their responsibilities towards each other and the world."

declared Mr. Andrew Mellon in his speech at the Pilgrims dinner this evening.

He said also that he was impressed with the feeling that Britain had turned her most difficult corner, and that she now had the situation well in hand.

Sir John Simon said that Anglo-American feeling had never been friendlier in the history of the two nations and he also said that Britain was firmly resolved to cultivate that happy relationship and use it for the benefit of the whole world. The Prince of Wales said that Mr. Mellon's appointment was a great gesture on the part of the American people, and that it failed to strengthen mutual faith and hearten us to tackle the problems besetting us.

The king, in reply, to a loyal message from the Pilgrims, expressed pleasure in associating himself with the welcome being extended to Mr. Mellon.—Reuter.

WHY SHANGHAI CONFERENCE FAILED.

Japanese Version.

ALLEGED STUDENTS' THREAT.

Geneva, Yesterday.
It is learned from Japanese quarters here that difficulty in admitting Dr. Wellington Koo into Manchuria persists, and that a further reason for the failure of the Shanghai negotiations is because the Chinese plenipotentiary was threatened with death by Chinese students, if there were any signs of a dishonourable armistice. The plenipotentiary is reported to have taken refuge in a hospital in the French concession on a plea of illness.

It is understood that the Japanese member of the Assembly Committee of Nineteen will submit to the meeting of the Committee on Saturday the foregoing explanation for the failure of the negotiations.—Reuter.

SEAPLANE DISASTER.

Sourabaya, Yesterday.
Three non-commissioned officers are reported to be missing from a seaplane, which crashed during night trials and caught fire after striking the water. A fourth officer was rescued seriously injured.—Reuter.

NINE "SUTTER" ARRESTS.

Patna, India, Yesterday.
Nine men of the Thakur caste in the village of Kandauli have been arrested and charged with inducing a widow to commit suicide. Police witnesses say that they saw the widow on her head husband's funeral pyre.—Reuter.

"SQUATTERS" WHO SQUAT HARD.

Court Orders Demolition of Huts.

DANGER OF A LANDSLIDE.

"If you persist in squatting there, I give you warning now, that this Summer you may be buried under the earth and die like the people did last year," stated Mr. Schofield in the Central Police Court this morning in imposing fines of \$5 or ten days' jail, in default, on each of four Chinese men and four women villagers, who admitted to charges of trespassing on Crown Land at the hillside at Wong Nei Chung.

Prosecuting, Mr. R. E. Stott, of the P.W.D., said that all, but the second and third defendants, squatted on the exact spot, where earth fell last year and killed four people. This year, he said, they had received information to the effect that the banking in question may slip again. He had warned the defendants on numerous occasions, but his efforts had been laughed at. Last night, in conjunction with the Divisional Inspector of Wanchai, they raided the huts, this being the only method to get these people out.

Mr. Stott went on to say that the second and third defendants occupied land adjacent to the new Jockey Club Stables, but they had made such a mess of the place, that the P.W.D. decided to let the area out to the public. He said that the defendants had been enjoying the privileges, owing to these people's persistence in remaining on the area. It was also alleged that the squatters had gone so far as to intimidate the permittees of the garden.

In issuing his warning, Mr. Schofield pointed out to the defendants that the P.W.D. had given them ample time and warning to clear out of the area. He made an order to the effect that the huts when once demolished, were not to be re-erected.

"HELENA" SAYS GOOD-BYE TO HONG KONG.

Hong Kong saw the last of the U.S.S. Helena (The Old Jam-Factory) this morning, when at 8.30 she sailed out of the harbour for the last time, after many years' connection with this Colony, being on patrol duty between here and Canton. Preceded by the U.S.S. Pecos, which is acting as escort, the Helena steamed out of Lyemoun bound for the Philippines, where she will be put into the hands of ship breakers at Cavite, thus ending 80 years of useful service on the China Sea.

DIAMOND RING FOUND AMONG RUBBISH.

Seremban, April 1.

Two Tamils named Poochi and Soleh were charged this morning before the Seremban Magistrate, Che Hamzah, M.C.S., for having in their possession a diamond ring, suspected to be stolen property, and valued at \$100.

The first accused stated that the second accused sold it to him for \$3. He kept it for 16 days, and when he attempted to pawn it he was arrested.

Soleh, the second accused, said that he found it in a place where rubbish was burnt. Both accused were Sanitary Board coolies. Mr. H. P. Ridley, who prosecuted, said that the ring was of European make but so far as he had claimed it; no he desired a postponement until April 6.

88th DIV. ADVANCES

Along Soochow Creek

STRATEGIC POSITION OCCUPIED

Foreign Circles Greatly Perturbed

Shanghai, To-day.

The reported advance of the Chinese 88th Division, along the Soochow Creek, under the cover of night, has created a stir in Foreign circles here.

Foreign military authorities are reticent on the subject, but state that this is an ominous procedure, because the position, now stated to have been occupied, will be strategic for the Chinese to flank the Japanese left wing or to prevent the Japanese advance.

The first intimation of the alleged movement of the 88th Division came from Mrs. Calvert, the wife of an American doctor, who, according to the "China Press," informed the Municipal Authorities that she had observed the approach of Chinese plain-clothes soldiers to the rear of the Shanghai Sanitarium, on the western outskirts of Shanghai.

It is further reported, that the Chinese forces are gradually and cautiously increasing and, at present, are directly opposite the Japanese positions on the North bank of the Soochow Creek.—Reuter's Pacific Service.

GERMANY MINTING SILVER COINS.

Berlin, Yesterday.

The Council of the Reich has sanctioned the minting of silver coins to the face value of one hundred million marks. This raises the total circulation of coined money to over 1,500,000,000 marks.—Reuter.

ROUND HONG KONG'S CINEMA THEATRES

MAIL REVIEWERS.

"THE SLEEPING CARDINAL."

Arthur Wontner gives a really convincing and life-like characterisation of Sherlock Holmes, as envisioned by the late Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, in the Gainsborough talkie production "The Sleeping Cardinal," which was screened only recently at the Queen's Theatre, and is now playing at the Star Theatre. Mystery seekers will find this film, which was produced at the Twickenham Studios, full of thrills, there being two murders committed before the instigator of the crimes is brought to book.

Ian Fleming, as Dr. Watson, Holmes' bosom friend, gives a splendid portrayal, whilst others of note in the cast are Minnie Rayner, Leslie Perrins, Jane Walsh, Norman McKinnel, William Fagan and Sydney King. It would be most unfair to disclose the real Moriarty here, so see the film for yourself and be thrilled!

The feature attraction is supported by a Gainsborough Gem, featuring the tuncful "Blue Boy," and an "Ideal Cine Magazine," a welcome novelty.

—CIRE.

"BEAU IDEAL."

A greater picture than "Beau Geste" is the sequel "Beau Ideal," now showing at the Queen's Theatre. Taken from P. C. Wren's famous novel of the French Foreign Legion, the story is too well-known to require description. Lush in its surroundings, Beau Ideal takes one from the arid desert to the Geste home in England and back again to the ranks of the Legion, bringing in its wake romance and adventure. It is the story of the sacrifice of a man for his friend and for the girl they both love. Life with the Penal Battalion is vividly depicted. The grand climax comes with the Arab revolt.

Ralph Forbes, Loretta Young, Lester Vail and Irene Rich are among the cast.

It is a picture that should not be missed.

OFFICIAL SOURCES

FEMININE PULCHRITUDE AND POGANY SETTING.

Eddie Cantor's memorable entry into the motion picture firmament by making "Whoopie" has been eclipsed in "Palmy Days," the famous comic's second screen vehicle which will be presented by Samuel Goldwyn at the King's Theatre to-day. Surrounded by myriads of feminine pulchritude, Pogany settings, an outstanding cast and a story in which Cantor

collaborated with Morrie Ryskind and David Freedman, the star of "Palmy Days" projects himself from hilarity to uproariousness in a series of ingenious Cantor situations.

Edward Sutherland, who rose to his mighty megaphone status after assisting Charlie Chaplin in "A Woman of Paris" and since directing twenty-five comedy successes, has inspired a dash and movement in Cantor's latest endeavour that gathers whirlwind momentum as it approaches its side-splitting climax.

In a startling swimming polo set, designed by Willy Pogany, the chorus engages in applause-provoking frolics led by three Olympic mermaids, each an aquatic champion. They are Olive Hatch, Southern California 100-yard champion; Georgia Coleman, national diving champion, and Dorothy Peyton, runner-up to Miss Coleman. Youthful Barbara Weeks sings, dances and laughs her way through the picture as an accomplice and co-adjutor to Cantor and the elongated Charlotte Greenwood.

PHILLIPS HOLMES THE NEW "STAR."

Although he is still in his twenties and has been in pictures only two years or so, Phillips Holmes has to his credit parts in 15 movies, including his most recent one, "The Man I Killed," which comes to the King's Theatre soon. Holmes has a heritage for acting, gained from his distinguished father, Taylor Holmes, who has been a favourite actor of the stage for many years, and, at less frequent intervals, of the screen.

Holmes' prestige as an actor has gained new importance with each succeeding picture. The general experience which he had gained in the first thirteen productions, "An American Tragedy," one of the greatest screen sensations of the past season. Preview critics who have seen "The Man I Killed" assert that this portrayal is even more vivid, more interesting than the part of Clyde Griffiths in "An American Tragedy."

BEAUTIFUL CHORUS GIRLS.

The hectic competition of the film companies for feminine curves and beauty continues apace, with Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer forging ahead at the present time, according to observers, with its assembling of a "Beauty Dozen." Desiring that "Flying High," its first musical picture of the current season, which will open on Sunday at the Queen's Theatre, should be a decided "smash" for the eyes, theatre-goers, the well-known business man, Director Charles Reisner set Busby Berkeley, noted

dance expert, to the selection of a record-breaking group of comedy girls. Berkeley ran over 100,000 feet through the cameras to get the twelve "panics" who lead the large chorus through songs with Bert Lahr, Charlotte Greenwood, Charles Winninger and Kathryn Crawford. The result, according to Berkeley, "is the greatest chorus I have ever assembled." Berkeley has assembled some of the greatest collections of gorgeous girls known to the show business for both Florenz Ziegfeld and Earl Carroll.

LOST RIFLE TAG GAVE WREN PLOT FOR "BEAU IDEAL."

"Beau Ideal" Radio Pictures' sequel to "Beau Geste," was inspired by the identification plate on a French Foreign Legion rifle, according to Percival C. Wren, the author. A few numbers formed the only possible opportunity to follow up the original story.

"Besieged with demands for a sequel," Wren says, "I was at my wit's end, until I remembered that every Legion rifle is tagged with the number of the soldier to whom it belonged. That gave me my story. In 'Beau Geste' all the brothers were killed but John. He escaped from Fort Zinderneuf, the only survivor of the terrific battle. On arriving home in London his action was unofficially condoned by his Legion commander. His heroism was recognised. As he had enlisted under a fictitious name the commander declared him dead to the Legion. The new story arises from the death of this commander and the fact that there was no official record of John Geste's heroism. When reinforcements reach Fort Zinderneuf they find dead men for every rifle but Geste's. That identifies him either as a prisoner of the Arabs or a deserter. Later, when he visits the Sahara he is recognized and thrown into prison. The new story takes up his adventures from there."

"Beau Ideal" is at the Queen's Theatre. Ralph Forbes is "John Geste," the role he created in the original story. The featured cast includes Loretta Young, Irene Rich, Lester Vail, Don Alvarado, Otto Matleson, Paul McAllister, Hale Hamilton, George Rigas and Leni Stangell.

TWELVETREES' NEW PICTURE COMBINES VARIETY OF TALENT.

According to Charles Rogers, production chief of RKO Pathe, it is never enough for a picture merely to have a star. It must have every advantage that money and talent can provide, both for the sake of the success of the picture and the sake of the popularity of the star. It is true that fans go to see their favourite star. But they soon tire of her, if they see constantly in pictures that are outstanding, only because of the star's beauty and ability.

That a search for quality guided every move of the producer during the filming of "A Woman of Experience," now at the Central Theatre, is obvious from the names attached to the production. As a suitable vehicle for Helen Twelvetrees, who played the lead in "Millie," he selected the play, "A Registered Woman," by John Farrow known particularly for his screen success, "The Virginian." Mr. Rogers persuaded Mr. Farrow himself to adapt the play to the screen, and then he employed Ralph Murphy, prominent New York stage director and dialogue writer, to write the additional dialogue. Harry Joe Brown, associate producer with Mr. Rogers, who was formerly a director with the company, believes that every producer should direct at least one picture a

(Continued at foot of Column 7.)

RADIO TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

The following programme will be broadcast to-day from the Hong Kong Broadcasting Station Z.B.W. on a wavelength of 355 metres (845 K.C.'s):—

5-7 p.m.—Chinese Programme.
7-10.30 p.m.—European Programmes of Victor Records.
7.03-7.33 p.m.—Variety.

Orchestral—
Song of the Soul.
Victor Salon Orchestra (22468).

Whistling Solo—
Listen to the Mocking Bird,
Margaret McKee (19894).

Chorus—
Chant of the Jungle,
The Revelers (22270).

Organ Solo—
I'll Close My Eyes to the Rest of the World,
Jesse Crawford (22243).

Song—
Me Too,
Gene Austin, Tenor (20143).

Chorus—
As Time Goes By,
Rudy Vallee & His Connecticut Yankees (22773).

Vocal Duet—
Searching for You in my Dreams,
Gene & Glenn (22396).

7.33-8 p.m.—Concert Waltzes.
Vienna Blood (Strauss).

Voices of Spring (Strauss),
Boston Symphony Orchestra
conducted by Serge Koussevitzky (6805).

Blue Danube (Strauss),
Josef Lhevinne (Pianist) (6840).

Dreams of Schubert,
Hungarian Rhapsody Orch.
(85925).

8 p.m.—Local Time.
8.05-8.30 p.m.—Vocal Gems.
The Chocolate Soldier
(Strauss).

The Merry Widow (Lehar),
Victor Light Opera Company
(35416).

Blackbirds of 1923 (McHugh-Fields),
Warren Mills and His Blue Serenaders (35952).

Whoopie (Kahn-Donaldson),
The New Moon
(Mandel-Hammerstein-Romberg),
Victor Light Opera Company
(35955).

8.30-9.10 p.m.—Operatic.
Orchestral—
Tristan & Isolde (Wagner).—
Prelude,
San Francisco Symphony
Orchestra conducted by
Alfred Hertz (6585).

Song—
Otello (Verdi)—Ave Maria,
Otello (Verdi)—Willow Song,
Elisabeth Rethberg, Soprano
(7893).

Vocal Gems—
Aida (Verdi),
Victor Light Opera Company
(35940).

Band—
Selections from Mehtofele
(Bolto, arr. Creatore),
Mehtofele—Prologue
(Bolto, arr. Creatore),
Creatore's Band (35971).

Song—
Faust (Gounod)—
All Hail Thine Dwelling Lowly,
Carmen (Biscl) Flower Song,
Giacomo Lauri-Volpi (Tenor)
(7889).

9.10-9.30 p.m.—
Daphnis et Chloe (Ravel),
Boston Symphony Orchestra
conducted by Serge
Koussevitzky (7143-4).

9.30-10.19 p.m.—A Concert.
Negro Spiritual—
Swing Low Sweet Chariot
(arr. Burling),
Dame Nellie Melba, Soprano
(6783).

Violin Solo—
Menuet (Bach-Winterhills),
Gavotte (Beethoven),
Fritz Kreisler (1138).

Chorus—
Storm on the Volga,
Russian State Choir (9209).

Piano Solo—
The Prophet Bird (Schumann),
By the Brookside (Stojowski),
Ignace Jan Paderewski
(1423).

Song—
Tavern Song (Watson-Fisher),
The Green-Eyed Dragon
(Newman-Charles),
Reynold Werrenrath, Baritone
(1264).

Violin Solo—
Caprice Antique (Balogh-Kreisler),
Legend of the Canyon (Cadmian),
Fritz Kreisler (1093).

Song—
Lilly Dale (Thompson),
The Hazel Dell (Booth).

SHADOWS BEFORE

COMING EVENTS ADVERTISED IN CHINA MAIL.

Social Functions.
To-day—Tea Dances at Hong Kong Hotel and King's Restaurant; Dinner Dances at Hong Kong, and Peninsula Hotels and King's Restaurant.

Entertainments.
To-day—King's Theatre:
"Palmy Days."

To-day—Queen's Theatre:
"Beau Ideal."

To-day—Central Theatre:
"A Woman of Experience."

To-day—Majestic Theatre:
"The Secret Call."

To-day—Star Theatre:
"The Sleeping Cardinal."

Home Affairs.
To-day—Inward from Europe via Negapatam (Hong Haw); Outward for Europe via Siberia (President Cleveland), 8 p.m.

To-morrow—Inward from Europe via Negapatam (Fushimi Maru). Meetings.

April 19—A. S. Watson & Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Hotel, 11.30 a.m.

April 21—Wm. Powell, Ltd., 6, Des Vaux Road Central, 11.30 a.m.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

(Continued from Page 2.)

With the experience of another Guild before them, it was surprising that the Po Yick Guild should make this attempt at placing the responsibility of placing their employees on the shoulders of Importers. In the case he had in mind the movement began a few years ago with a very small commission and it had grown up to no less than two per cent. of the purchasing price, having to be given up to the Guild's employees. Finally, he considered that a levy of this nature would be a direct hindrance to the trade of the Colony. Importers were well aware that similar demands were constantly being made in some of the Coast Ports. He hoped the meeting would agree that it was the duty of all Importers to see that trade was not allowed to degenerate into the impossible conditions which obtain in some of the neighbouring ports. (Applause.) There being no discussion, the resolution was put to the meeting and declared carried nem. con. This concluded the proceedings.

Olive Kline (Soprano) with Male Quartet (4005).
10.19-10.27 p.m.—Hawaiian Music.
Kaala-Medley,
Waonahale-Medley,
Royal Hawaiian Trio (20281).
Kohala March,
Frank Ferera and John K. Pealohi (Hawaiian Guitarists) (20027).
10.30 p.m.—Close Down.
All records in the above European programmes are kindly supplied by the Tsang Fook Piano Co.

YESTERDAY'S SOLUTION.

RATION TOAST
ERE DONOR ROE
BANNED DIVIDE
U DOR TIMES P
TIER GRN TELE
ARTS LANCE
S HEIFERS A
WIT N E MARS
AIA RET EEM
S UMER BAD I
TOTTER RANCE
ENE LIBLE EYE
DEDAL REAMER

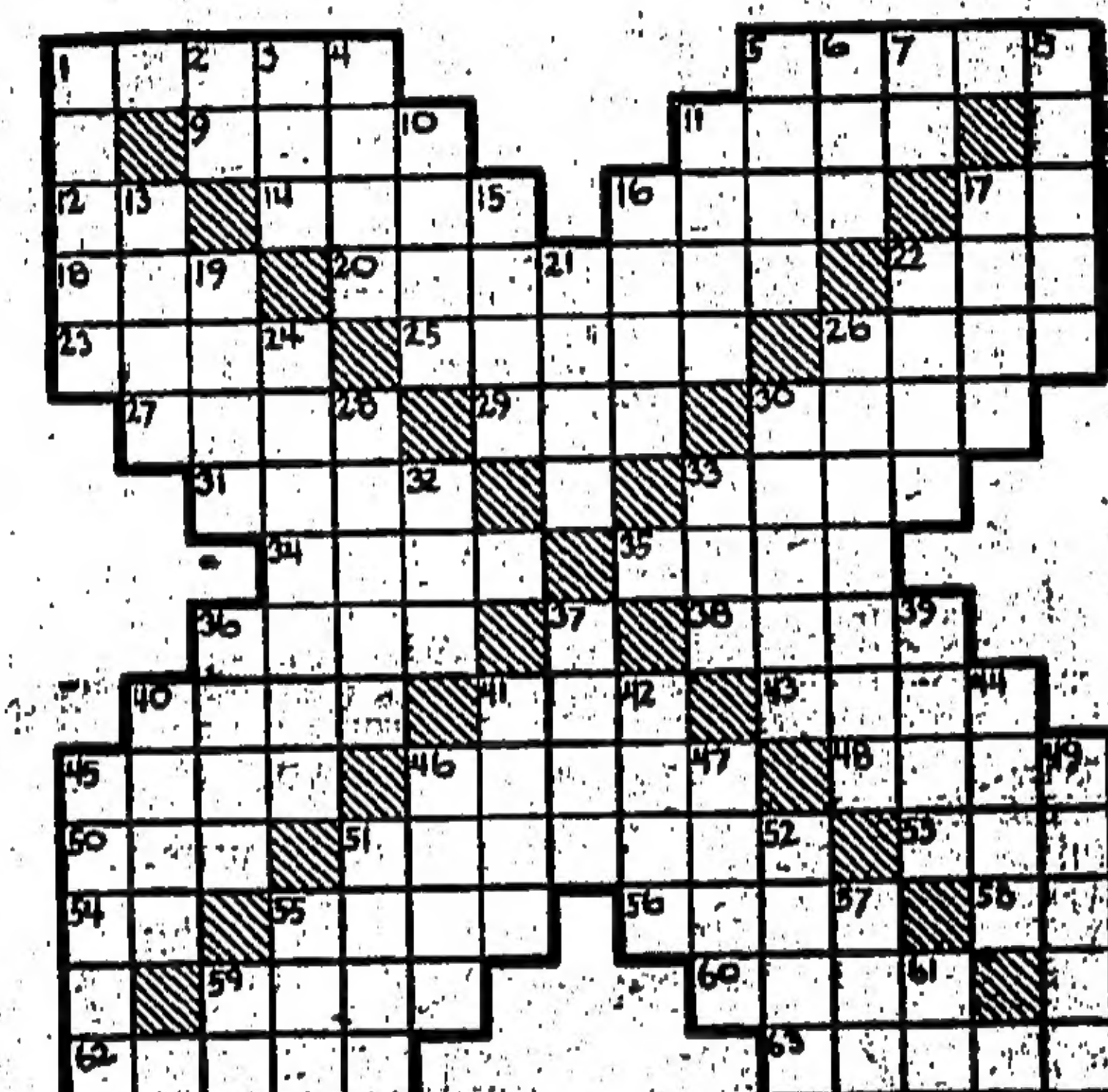
THE
HONG HONG
PENINSULA HOTEL;
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PEAK HOTEL;
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DAILY CROSS-WORD PUZZLE.

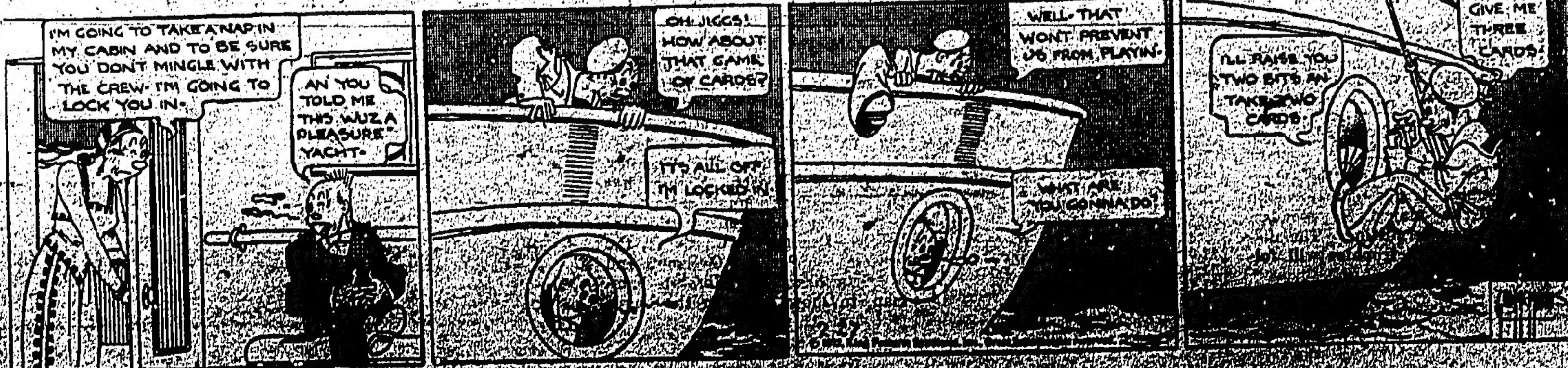
(This cross-word puzzle has been made by an expert but our readers are warned to look out for occasional phonetic spellings, such as harbor, plow, and alike.)



- | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| HORIZONTAL | HORIZONTAL (Cont.) | VERTICAL (Cont.) |
| 1-Purpose. | 48-Anger | 17-A cereal |
| 5-Analyze a sentence | 50-Printing measure | 18-Domestic |
| 9-Market | 51-Revised | 19-Ridge of sand or rock under water |
| 11-Native of Denmark | 52-Lair | 20-Holding wings |
| 12-A supposition | 53-Because | 21-Imbibe freely |
| 14-Mud | 54-Bill | 22-Wall covering |
| 16-Ruler | 55-Part of a ship | 23-Tumult |
| 17-Exist | 56-Close by | 24-Pertaining to punishment |
| 18-Email rug | 57-Observed | 25-Call of the dove |
| 20-Tell | 58-Boy's name | 26-Hinder |
| 22-Part of a circle | 59-Swiftness | 27-Perform |
| 23-Child | 60-Tale | 28-Despise |
| 25-Bards | | 29-Speak |
| 26-Plot | | 30-Ambitions |
| 27-Turkish official | | 31-Grade |
| 28-Perseive | | 32-Tingings |
| 29-Design | | 33-An entreaty |
| 31-Heretic poem | | 34-Trode |
| 32-Fur-bearing animal | | 35-Thin |
| 34-Indigent | | 36-Genuine |
| 35-Kitchen utensil (pl.) | | 37-Entrance |
| 36-Singing voice | | 38-Long grass stem |
| 38-A rodent (pl.) | | 39-Expire |
| 40-High playing card (pl.) | | 40-An insect |
| 41-Moved rapidly | | 41-Portion |
| 42-Jump | | 42-Point of compass (abbr.) |
| 43-Styleless | | 43-Negative |
| 44-Tardier | | |

year, if he really wants to keep in results, Mr. Rogers decided to have touch with the actual making of as chief cameraman for the picture. He chose "Aure, Hal Mohr, president of the Woman of Experience" as one of American Association of Cinematographers. Danny Hall as Art Director, and Capt. Eugene Hager were not sufficient to insure good

Bringing Up Father.



HONG KONG BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

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AN X-RAY PICTURE OF A
BEAUTIFUL WOMAN & THE WAR.



"YOUR CHARMS
ARE ARMS
AGAINST THE
ENEMY!"

"Silks and satins
will be your uni-
form. Use your wits
and wiles... your
beauty and your fas-
cination..."

A story of woman
and war. The drama
of a beautiful patriot
who was ordered
to sin in order
to serve!



**HELEN
TWELVETREES**
A WOMAN OF
EXPERIENCE
a CHARLES R. ROGERS PRODUCTION

IT PENETRATES HER FINE CLOTHES!
IT REVEALS THE SECRET PLACE OF HER HEART!
IT DISCLOSES THE SEALED CHAPTER OF HER LIFE,
THE DISILLUSIONMENTS THAT MADE HER TOO
WISE TO LOVE!
MEN WERE HER COLLEGE. MEN WERE HER
KNOWLEDGE.
YET IT TOOK MANY MEN TO TEACH HER
WHAT EVERY WOMAN KNOWS - THAT LOVE IS
THE GREATEST EXPERIENCE IN LIFE!
GORGEOUS HELEN TWELVETREES MAKES THIS
PRODUCTION A DISTINCT PRIVILEGE TO PRESENT,
AN UNFORGETTABLE, THRILL TO SEE!

SHOWING SOON

THE NEWEST 1932 UNITED ARTISTS SPECIAL FEATURE

A WOMAN OF ICE-
MELTED BY LOVE!

...she was cool, cold, frigid in
the face of life... But face to face
with love her soul smouldered in
rapture... and burned its brand
deep into the heart of a woman
who thought she was immune!



SAMUEL GOLDWYN
Gloria Swanson
TONIGHT ON NEVER
DAVID BELASCO
GARY STROUSE
UNITED ARTISTS PICTURE

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CURRENT SPORTING GOSSIP

TO-DAY'S EXHIBITION TENNIS.

Harada and Nunoi in
Action.

AT THE H.K.C.C.

The Japanese Davis Cup play-
ers, Harada and Nunoi, who arriv-
ed in Hong Kong to-day by the
President Cleveland en route for
Europe, are giving exhibition
matches at the Hong Kong Cricket
Club this afternoon commencing
at 4 p.m. sharp.

The following is the programme:
Singles (3 sets).
Harada v. S. A. Rumjahn.
Doubles (3 sets).
Harada and Nunoi v. E. C.
Fincher and H. D. Rumjahn.
There will be no booking, seats
can be obtained at the gate, \$1.00
for the stand and 50 cents for the
seats opposite the stand.

CHELSEA PLAYERS FOR FRANCE.

Gallacher and Law
Join Nimes.

SOCCER SENSATION.

Nimes, Yesterday.
It is officially announced that
Hughie Gallacher and Law, Chel-
sea's Scottish international centre
forward and left back have been
engaged by the Nimes Sporting
Club and are due to arrive at
Nimes on May 4 and 5 respec-
tively.

They will be playing next season.
—Reuter.

AUSTRALIA TURF EXPOSURES.

Driving Racehorse by
Electricity.

Sydney, March 6.
Tiny but powerful electric bat-
teries, concealed in the palm of the
jockey's hand, in the saddle, or in
the belt, have, it is stated, been
used by Australian jockeys recent-
ly to speed their mounts.

The batteries are sometimes con-
cealed in an innocent-looking to-
bacco tin, and have two contact
points protruding. The advantage
of the tobacco-tin battery is that
the jockey, in case of his being
suspect, can throw the battery
away easily. Other cases have
been alleged where jockeys have
had batteries fitted into their sad-
dles, so that heavy pressure by
their knees will make contact and
give the horse the desired shock.
In another instance the battery
was fitted to a jockey's belt, and
wires were run down his legs to
the stirrups.

Following exposures by an Aus-
tralian newspaper, the Australian
Jockey Club and other racing
authorities are making strenuous
efforts to discover the offenders and
clean them out.

Our Sports Diary.

TO-DAY.

HOCKEY—Hong Kong Club
"A" v. Y.M.C.A. at King's Park
at 5.30 p.m.

TO-MORROW.

CRICKET—Hong Kong C.C. v.
Kowloon C.C. at H.K.C.C. at 2
p.m.

ATHLETICS—St. Joseph's Col-
lege Sports at Caroline Hill at 1
p.m.; Royal Artillery Sports on
Navy ground, King's Park.

FOOTBALL—Second Division:
Argylls v. R.A.O.C.; Third Divi-
sion—R.A.F. v. Radio; Borderers
v. Recrolo.

TENNIS FINAL.

The Finals of the Open
Doubles tennis championship
will be played on Monday,
weather permitting. The dis-
tribution of trophies will fol-
low the match.

FIRST CHINA PONY FOALED.

Surprise for Trainer
This Morning.

MR. LI TSE FONG'S "GOLD MINE."

Question For Jockey Club.

The first China pony was
foaled this morning at 1.30
a.m., in the Jockey Club
stables, the dam being Mr. Li
Tse-fong's "Gold Mine."

Old timers here state that
this is the first case in so far
as China Ponies are concern-
ed. About 25 years ago Mr.
Hall-Brutton had a mare which
had a foal, but this was not a
China Pony.

The curious part of the
affair is that no one, not even
the trainer, stable boys or
owner suspected the mare was
in this condition and she has
been racing right along and
put through her morning work.
Even her disinclination to run
to real form did not cause
them to wonder. The event
was therefore the cause of
great consternation this morn-
ing at the Valley, and many of
the local racing owners and
riders visited the stables to
have a "look-see."

This will undoubtedly give
rise to the question as to whe-
ther or not this colt will be
allowed to race here in Hong
Kong as a Griffin. The rules
state that Griffins and sub
Griffins must come from the
usual source and that source
in North China and Mongolia.

CRAVEN STAKES AT NEWMARKET.

Loaningdale Wins By
Three Lengths.

London, Yesterday.
The result of the Craven Stakes
run at Newmarket to-day over a
distance of one mile was as fol-
lows:—

1. Loaningdale even
2. Pomper 5-1
3. Royal Dancer 100-8

There was a field of seven and
Loaningdale won by three lengths,
a neck separating the second and
third.—Reuter.

FANLING GOLF.

Starting Times for
Sunday.

The Secretary of the Royal
Hong Kong Golf Club supplies the
following list of starting times
for Fanling:—

New Course.
10.28 a.m. L. H. Rawson, A. R.
McEachran.

Old Course.
9.16-9.20 a.m.—Not to be booked by
travelers on 9.28 train.

9.24 a.m. W. Vallance, J. G.
Campbell.

9.28 " G. C. Worrall, R. I.
Cherrill.

9.32 " L. R. Andrewes, Hon.
Comdr. G. F. H. Hole.

9.36 " W. C. Shields, R. Young.
9.40 " H. W. M. Duley, A. H.
Harbord.

9.44 " G. R. M. Robertson, R. M.
Giddy.

9.48 " G. T. May, R. E. Atwell.
9.52 " G. A. Leiper, E. H.
Williams.

9.56 " S. S. Cook, W. G. Lörimer.
10.00 " H. R. Sturt, D. J. Lewis.

10.04 " A. C. I. Bowker, Lt. H. C.
Gould.

10.08 " T. J. J. Fenwick, R. W.
Tepfin.

10.12 " J. A. R. Selby, H. Lowe.
10.16 " E. Richardson, R. M.
Wood.

10.20 " Col. J. A. Renshaw, W. D.
Hughes.

10.24 " Lt. M. S. Lloyd, F. Syme
Thomson.

10.28 " A. E. Lisaman, C. W. F.
Booker.

10.32 " J. C. Dunbar, G. W. Toimie.
10.36 " P. Grant, J. F. Robinson.

10.40 " G. W. Green, J. W. Mayhew.
10.44 " N. K. Littlejohn, C. H.
Bond.

10.48 " L. Yates, D. J. Fraser.
10.52 " J. S. Dykes, S. S. Perry.
10.56 " C. W. Jeffries, J. Conlthart.
11.00 " H. M. Muir, A. McKellar.
11.04 " H. N. Williams, P. D. Locke.
11.08 " I. H. Gentry, W. D. Denham.
11.12 " V. P. Sherry, A. G. Coppin.
11.16 " J. S. W. Egan.
11.20 " J. G. Gadd, A. G. Gadd.

SHORTS FOR WOMEN AT WIMBLEDON!

Miss G. R. Tomblin to
Take the Lead.

INSPIRES CONFIDENCE.

It was rumoured in 1930—
threatened last year—and now it
has come. Women are to wear
shorts at Wimbledon! Ever since
the War they have been clamouring
to do so, but have lacked a leader
courageous enough to defy the grim
Powers That Be. At last she has
come forward in the form of Miss
G. R. Tomblin, the well-known
tournament player.

"Unless I am positively thrown
out I intend to wear real, tailored
men's shorts in all my tournaments
this season, including Wimbledon,"
she said. "I play in shorts when
practising at Queen's club and
they make a great deal of difference
to my game. I find I can get about
the court much faster, but the
greatest effect is psychological. I
feel happier and more confident."

Last year Senorita D'Alvarez had
a very uncertain reception on the
centre court in a trousered frock
specially designed for her. Al-
though the divided skirt was so
heavily pleated that the "trouser"
was not visible even the British
Press were careful to avoid com-
ment in favour or against before
the lords of the Lawn Tennis As-
sociation showed their hand. The
subject was pushed into the cat-
egory of the taboos of the time
being. It certainly was one of
those things best not mentioned at
all. But the majority of competi-
tors at the recent women's squash
racket championships wore shorts.
The papers were crowded with
photos of neat efficient women
squash players immaculately at-
tired; many of them were well-
known lawn tennis champions.

Mr. Hamilton Price, the honorary
secretary of the Lawn Tennis Re-
ferees' Association, and one of the
leading referees, stated that, as far
as referees are concerned, they
could not raise any possible objec-
tion to the wearing of shorts by
women in lawn tennis tournaments.
There are others who maintain,
however, that even if it is only to
retain the fine old English atmos-
phere of the meeting and to keep
the refinement which is to be found
at no other tournament in the
world, women should not wear
shorts.

YORKSHIRE PLAYERS HARD AT IT.

Youngsters Filling the
Vacancies.

London.
There is a very gratifying split-
of eagerness among the young
Yorkshire professionals to take ad-
vantage of the special coachings
arranged at the Headingley Winter
shed, under the guidance of George
Hirst.

Hedley Verity and W. Bowes
have been assiduous in their prac-
tising. Both know there is a
great chance of distinction ahead
of them in the coming Summer,
and they are bent on making the
most of their opportunities.

They should be found in full
form when the open air practices
become possible in April.

Among the candidates for the
two vacancies in the Yorkshire
Eleven caused by the retirement
of Edgar Oldroyd and Emmot
Robinson, special attention is be-
ing paid to promises of A. C.
Rhodes, of Leeds, and F. Smiles,
of Harrogate, each of whom has
the all-rounder's qualification.

The coming season should also
be the time for T. C. Fisher, the
left-arm bowler, of Overton; and
M. Grimshaw, the Horshall bats-
man, to show whether they have
real test cricket abilities.



THE PRISM

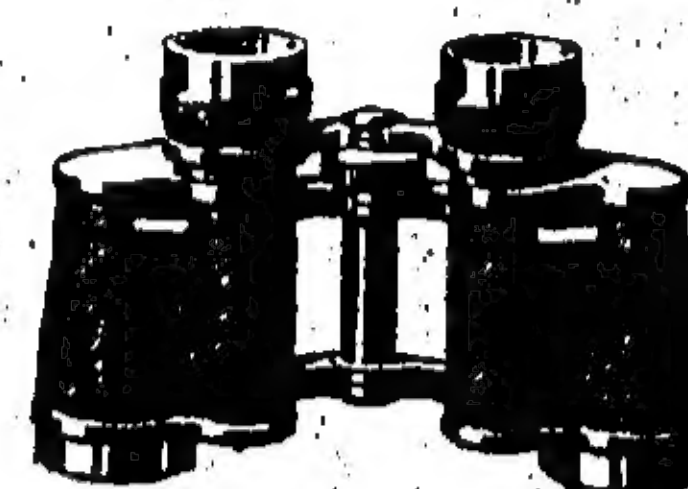
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MAJESTIC

TO-DAY
AND
TO-MORROW

AT 2.30,
5.20, 7.20
& 9.20
P.M.



SHE ALONE RECEIVES THE SECRET MESSAGE
THAT COULD WRECK FORTUNES, RUIN CAREERS,
KILL LOVE!

with
RICHARD ARLEN — PEGGY SHANNON.

The
China
Mail

SPORTS
ALMANAC

THE BEST 50 CENTS WORTH

HOME FOOTBALL TO-MORROW

Will Rangers Win
the Cup

EVERTON AT HOME

ENGLISH LEAGUE.

First Division.										
HOME.					AWAY.					
P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	Total
Everton	18	16	2	0	77	26	32	19	51	51
Wednesday	20	13	3	4	57	25	30	19	46	46
Huddersfield T.	20	11	1	8	46	21	30	18	46	46
Arsenal	18	11	2	5	39	14	27	19	7	45
West Bromwich	18	12	2	4	40	12	28	21	7	44
Sheffield United	19	13	3	4	45	26	29	18	4	44
Aston Villa	18	14	4	0	55	21	28	18	4	42
Liverpool	20	13	3	4	55	33	30	18	5	42
Portsmouth	19	13	4	2	31	20	28	19	3	41
Newcastle U.	18	13	2	3	50	26	29	19	4	41
Chelsea	19	11	4	4	40	23	26	18	4	37
Manchester City	19	10	5	4	47	27	24	20	3	36
Birmingham	19	11	3	5	41	21	27	19	3	36
Middlesbrough	19	11	6	2	39	28	24	20	3	35
Derby County	19	12	3	4	46	22	28	20	1	35
Sunderland	19	9	6	4	38	29	22	20	4	34
Blackburn R.	19	10	6	3	52	41	23	19	4	34
Bolton Wanderers	19	14	5	0	42	23	28	19	1	34
West Ham U.	20	9	6	5	33	31	23	18	3	33
Leicester City	20	10	7	3	45	35	23	18	2	33
Blackpool	19	8	7	4	40	37	20	19	2	32
Grimsby Town	18	9	6	3	32	24	21	19	2	32

Second Division.

Second Division.										
HOME.					AWAY.					
P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	Total
Wolverhampton	20	16	1	3	69	11	35	18	7	54
Leeds United	18	11	3	4	34	19	26	20	10	51
Bradford	22	17	3	2	44	20	26	17	3	47
Stoke City	19	13	1	5	45	18	31	19	5	47
Bury	19	12	4	3	41	19	27	19	8	46
Plymouth A.	18	12	2	4	60	36	28	20	6	45
Bradford City	17	9	2	6	51	24	24	20	6	42
Tottenham H.	20	10	4	6	55	35	26	18	4	39
Notts Forest	20	12	4	4	43	25	28	18	3	38
Manchester U.	20	11	6	3	43	31	25	18	5	38
Millwall	19	12	5	2	40	28	25	19	3	37
Southampton	19	10	6	3	37	28	23	19	6	37
Charlton A.	20	10	5	5	34	26	25	18	4	36
Swansea Town	18	11	5	2	41	20	24	20	4	35
Chesterfield	20	11	7	2	41	31	24	18	2	35
Preston N.E.	19	9	4	6	29	22	24	18	2	34
Notts County	18	8	6	4	36	25	20	19	3	33
Oldham A.	18	8	6	3	37	30	21	19	3	32
Barnsley	19	8	4	7	34	31	23	19	4	31
Burnley	19	6	6	7	34	35	19	19	5	30
Port Vale	19	7	6	4	37	29	18	19	4	30
Bristol City	19	8	10	6	34	35	11	19	2	28

Third Division (South).

Third Division (South).										
HOME.					AWAY.					
P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	Total
Fulham	18	12	3	3	63	24	27	20	9	51
Reading	18	16	1	1	55	21	33	20	3	47
Southend United	18	10	4	4	33	18	24	20	9	47
Exeter City	19	15	1	3	50	15	33	19	5	46
Brentford	18	9	3	6	34	18	24	20	8	44
Crystal Palace	19	13	0	6	47	12	32	19	4	44
Beighton	18	11	5	3	35	21	25	19	5	43
Luton Town	18	14	1	1	52	13	29	20	4	42
Norwich City	20	12	2	6	48	19	30	18	4	42
Coventry City	19	15	2	2	65	25	32	19	1	41
Cardiff City	19	13	4	2	57	27	28	19	4	41
Watford	19	12	3	4	44	25	28	19	4	41
Queen's Park R.	19	9	4	6	45	28	24	19	5	40
Bournemouth	19	6	5	8	33	39	20	19	5	37
Swindon Town	20	12	6	2	46	27	26	18	2	34
Northampton T.	18	9	6	3	38	22	21	20	4	33
Torquay United	20	9	5	6	48	35	24	18	3	33
Bristol Rovers	20	11	4	5	46	30	27	18	2	33
Clapton Orient	20	6	6	8	38	33	20	16	4	30
Doncaster Rovers	19	10	5	4	48	40	24	19	5	29
Carlisle United	18	8	3	7	37	30	23	19	2	29
Hartlepool	18	8	6	4	36	34	22	19	4	29
Halifax	18	8	3	4	41	24	20	19	3	28
Rotherham	19	9	7	3	39	22	21	16	3	27
New Brighton	17	6	7	4	21	21	16	19	0	19
Reckdale	18	4	11	3	32	56	11	18	0	12

Third Division (North).

Third Division (North).										
HOME.					AWAY.					
P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	Total
Lincoln City	19	16	2	1	63	12	33	19	10	56
Gateshead	19	13	2	5	55	19	29	20	6	53
Chester	19	15	2	2	47	19	32	19	5	48
Crews Alexandra	20	15	2	3	67	27	33	19	6	48
Barrow	17	13	3	1	42	21	27	20	9	45
Tranmere Rovers	20	15	1	4	74	23	34	19	3	43
Southport	19	13	1	5	55	15	31	19	3	42
Wrexham	20	14	4	2	45	24	30	17	4	42
York City	19	13	3	3	42	22	29	18	4	41
Darlington	18	12	5	1	39	21	25	20	6	40
Hull City	17	11	5	1	42	20	23	20	6	38
Accrington S.	20	13	3	4	54	23	30	16	2	36
Walsall	20	11	6	3	41	31	25	19	5	35
Stockport	19	11	5	3	28	13	25	18	1	35
Doncaster Rovers	19	12	5	2	36	25	26	19	3	33
Carlisle United	18	8	3	7	37	30	23	19	2	31
Hartlepool	18	8	6	4	36	34	22	19	4	29
Halifax	18	8	3	4	41	24	20	19	3	28
Rotherham	19	9	7	3	39	22	21	16	3	27
New Brighton	17	6	7	4	21	21	16	19	0	19
Reckdale	18	4	11	3	32	56	11	18	0	12

SCOTTISH LEAGUE.

First Division.

First Division.										
HOME.					AWAY.					
P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.A.Pts.	Total
Motherwell	16	15	0	1	62	10	31	19	12	60
Rangers	16	15	1	2	59	11	32	19	12	54
Third Lanark	19	15	3	1	61	29	31	19	6	54
Celtic	18	12	4	2	60	20	28	18	6	44
St. Mirren	19	12	4	2	49	23	23	19	7	44
Partick Thistle	17	11	3	3	52	48	25	19	8	42
Aberdeen	19	10	8	3	38	15	26	19	6	41
Kilmarnock	18	13	3	2	48	22	28	18	3	39
Dundee	18	9	3	6	36	24	24	20	5	37
Heart of Midlothian	18	8	4	5	33	18	23	19	4	37
Cowdenbeath	18	16	4	4	37	28	24	18	4	36
Hamilton A.	19	11	5	3	54	22	25	18	3	34
Queen's Park	19	9	6	2	36	25	29	17	4	34
Dundee U.	18	10	5	4	54	31	24	17	4	31
Ayr United	18	9	4	5	42	28	23	18	3	30
Clyde	18	8	4	4	35	33	20	17	2	29
Falkirk	19	10	6	3	38	31	23	18	1	27
Dundee United	19	8	6	5	20	42	14	18	2	26
Leith Athletic	18	6	12	9	22	45	13	19	0	16

RECORD CROWD AT HAMPDEN PARK.

Rangers v. Kilmarnock

TO-MORROW'S RUBBER MATCH IN CUP FINAL.

(Reuter's Special Service.)

London, Yesterday.

A record crowd of 100,000 is expected at Hampden Park on Saturday for the Scottish F.A. Cup Final in which the all-conquering Rangers will meet Kilmarnock in a great rubber match.

The Rangers who have a long and brilliant Cup record and playing in their sixteenth final, Kilmarnock, on the other hand, are playing in their fourth.

The Rangers are naturally strong favourites, but their task is by no means easy as nobody knows better than the Rangers how fickle Cup fortunes can be.

Kilmarnock are not intimidated by the size of their task and take comfort in the fact that the Rangers appear to be going stale as the result of the strain of trying to achieve the double—winning the League Championship and the Cup. The match will be a clash of styles; the Rangers are exponents of the classic passing style; Kilmarnock believe in dashing for goal cup-soccer tactics.

CHELSEA DEFEAT NEWCASTLE

Comfortable Margin in Home Match.

London, Yesterday.

In the First Division of the English League Chelsea defeated Newcastle United by four goals to one.

—Reuter.

PAPUA FORSAKING HEAD-HUNTING.

Raids by Savages Only Occasional.

Tribal warfare and the practice of head-hunting are dying out in Papua, according to Sir Hubert Murray, the Lieutenant-Governor.

Occasional raids by savages on peaceful natives, he said, were to be expected until all the natives in the territory were brought under Government control. A recent attack had taken place about 100 miles up the Fly River. Seventeen peaceful natives had been killed. Native police, in charge of white officers, arrested 25 raiders. The native police were very loyal and showed great fortitude in tracking raiders through many miles of sago swamp.

Mr. H. L. Downing, an assistant district officer attached to the Administration of New Guinea, was recently wounded in a native raid at Punt-Ibasa in the Upper Markham River district.

Word had reached the Administration that hostile natives had threatened missionaries and peaceful natives. Mr. Downing set out with native police to prevent fighting. Leaving the main body of police at the river, he set out with a few of them to visit the chief of the hostile tribe. Without warning, his camp was attacked at midday and he was wounded in the thigh with an arrow. A native policeman was also wounded. The attack was repelled and reinforcements were sent for. The attackers fled after several of them had been shot.

Mr. Downing, who went to Sydney on leave, took with him some beautifully carved arrows as a memento of the raid.

In the Morobe district, Mr. Downing said, two-thirds of the natives were friendly but the remainder were head-hunters. Every time he had set out on an expedition he had been warned by hostile natives that his life would be taken. But beyond a few arrows shot from the bush to test the nerves of his native police, no attempt had been made on his life until the attack already described.

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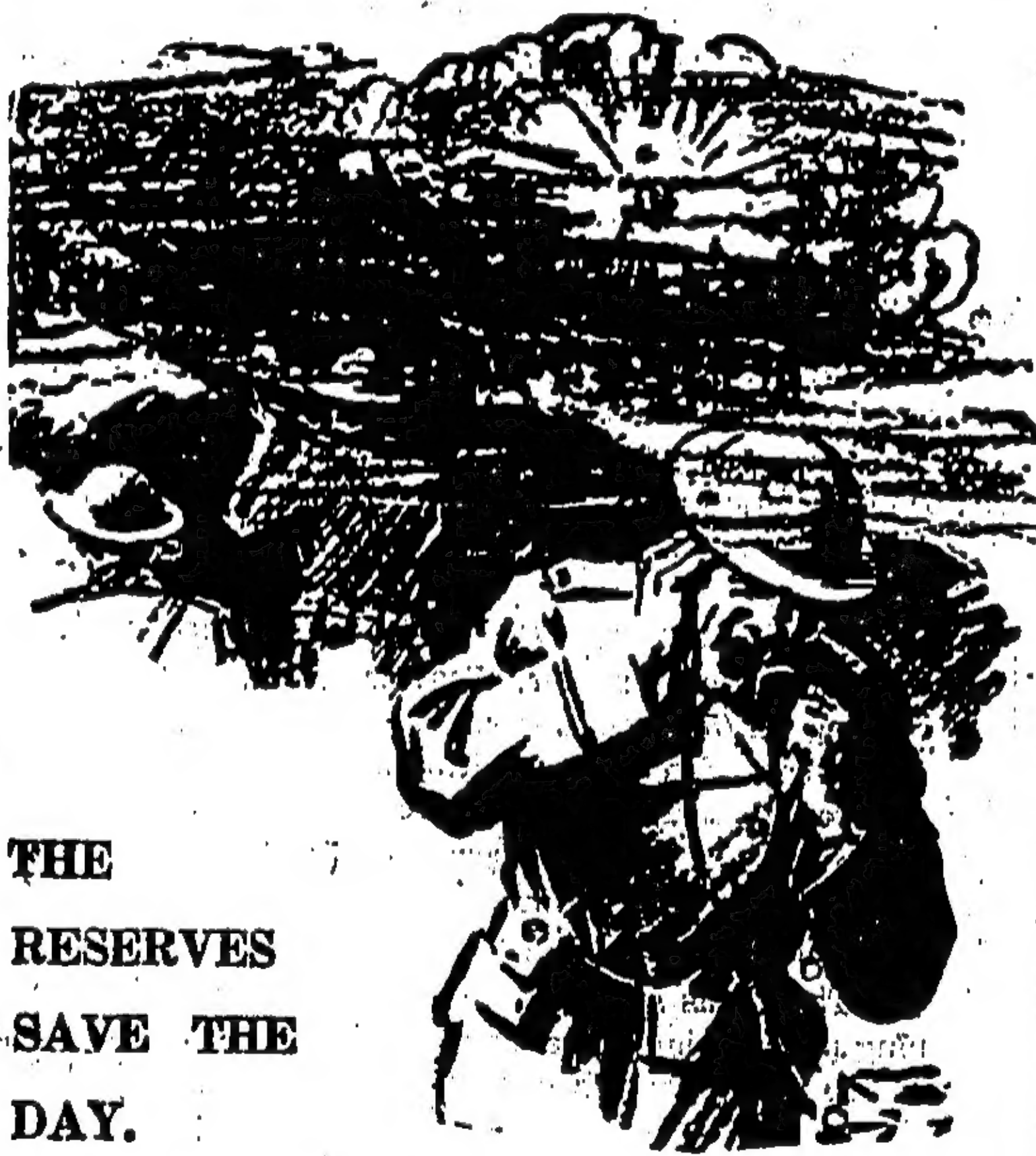
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and RUGS.

HONG KONG SHANGHAI MANILA

Alexandra Bldg.
and
Hong Kong Hotel.
LINENS,
LINGERIE,



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WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.
HONG KONG.

The China Mail.

Hong Kong, Friday, April 15, 1932.

The Rite of Widow Sacrifice.

A Reuter's cable from Patna, the chief city of the Province of Bihar and Orissa in India, tells us, this morning, that a certain number of men, of a small village in this province, have been arrested and charged by the police for inducing a widow to commit suttee—that is self-immolation on the funeral pyre of her husband.

More than a century ago to-day, Lord William Bentinck, in spite of fierce opposition, carried in Council a regulation which declared that all who abetted suttee were guilty of "culpable homicide." The arrested men, no doubt, in due course, will be brought before the Patna High Court to answer this charge, and may be sentenced to penal servitude, for such a sentence has, on at least one occasion, been passed upon those who assisted at a suttee.

Suttee is an English corruption of the Sanskrit word *Sati*, meaning a "good woman" or "true wife," and came to be applied to the rite of widow-sacrifice, as practised among certain Hindu castes. In some of the sacred books of the Hindus, the rite is mentioned as an "old custom," but certain scholars have shown that the text of still earlier sacred books had been corrupted, probably wilfully, and that there is no record of an injunction that the rite should be observed. The directions of these earlier sacred books, it has been said, involved a merely symbolic suttee: the widow taking her place on the funeral pile, but being recalled to "this world of life" at the last moment by her brother-in-law or adopted child. The practice was sporadically observed in India in very ancient times; but the earlier Indian law books do not enjoin it, and there are said to be sacred authorities which simply command the widow to lead a life of chastity and asceticism. The rite was not, at any time in the history of India, general throughout that sub-continent. In its medieval form it was essentially a Brahminic rite, and it was where Brahminism was strongest, in Bengal and along the Ganges valley and in Oudh and Rajputana, that it was most usual. The manner of the sacrifices, according to authorities, differed ac-

cording to the district in which it was observed. In South India, for example, the widow used to jump or was forced into the fire pit; in Western India she was placed in a grass hut, supporting the corpse's head with her right hand while her left held the torch with which she herself set fire to the pyre; in the Ganges valley she used to lay down upon the already lighted pile; while in Nepal she was placed beside the corpse, and when the pile was lighted the two bodies were held in place by long poles pressed down by relatives. Akbar the Great was the first Indian potentate who attempted to stop suttee. He forbade compulsion, but permitted voluntary suttee.

Widow sacrifice is not a rite peculiar to India, and evidence has been collected to support the theory, that the rite existed among all primitive Aryan nations. It appears that the medieval priesthood of India made no innovation when they introduced the rite into India, but simply revived an Aryan custom of a barbaric period long antedating them.

Allied to the rite of widow-sacrifice are, of course, those rites which the Ancients observed in Egypt and elsewhere when, on the death of the head of a house or empire, a certain number of slaves, and even wives and concubines, together with horses and cattle forfeited their lives, so that the dead man might be accompanied in the new life with servants and companions, etc. Even to-day, in modified form, this practice is observed among certain peoples, and a corpse is interred with foods and fruits and vegetables, to which it had shown partiality in "this world of life."

Commercialised Football

The Commercial side of Association football has been further emphasised by the bombshell that has dropped in the Chelsea camp. Two members of the eleven that reached the semi-final round of the E.A. Cup have signified their intention of joining a French club, and negotiations appear to have been satisfactorily concluded.

This move has not come altogether in the manner of a surprise, as the depression, which now surrounds many of the well established clubs, has caused rumours to the effect that clubs might even resign from membership of the English F.A. and attempt a comeback under the French Association. But action taken so quickly—and by members of a metropolitan club—comes as a stunning blow to those optimists who paid little heed to the rumours of revolution. Gallacher has been one of the most discussed centre-forwards of his time and his constant transferences have been the subject of much comment. Why, then, has he broken off connections with so well established a club as Chelsea

with thousands of loyal London supporters behind it? Might it have been due to the controversy that arose on the eve of the semi-final game against Newcastle United? It might have been, for he was only played at the last minute, though he was considered by many to be the best centre-forward Scotland had produced.

Poor attendances this season have affected numerous clubs, notable among which are Manchester United, Clapton Orient, Thames, and Leith Athletic. Those who say that Football is losing in popularity are absurd. We hear that 80,000 paid for admission at Wembley last Saturday to witness the match between England and Scotland. No, football is popular, but commercialised football popularises only that team with sufficient capital to take the pickings from the lesser wealthy clubs. Professional footballers once they attain greatness become a ball themselves and are tossed from the hand of one football magnate to another until they eventually come to rest after numerous discussions in high finance.

The obvious question to be asked is, whether a club would not be better advised to keep a star centre-forward or centre-half as an attraction for the local supporters, instead of parting with him for say £20,000 and thus leave a glaring gap in the team. Of course, a director of the Club concerned would say that the possibility of injury to the star player is too great, and that £20,000 is a sure gamble. No, football can never be free from strife, when bank rolls are so freely displayed. It is a pity, but it is, nevertheless, too true.

The Typewriter.

No office to-day is complete without a typewriter. Few persons, journalists for example, feel comfortable and at ease unless a typewriter is handy for them to use. The typewriter is a machine that led to office revolution and, in a sense, to the emancipation of woman. For it was as manipulators of these machines that girls were first employed in offices. The typewriter from being a luxury, and expensive novelty has become a necessary adjunct to commerce and business. And only sixty years ago the first practical typewriter arrived in England from America. To America belongs the credit of this revolution.

An interesting account of the history of the typewriter appeared in an English newspaper very recently. It was headed "Sixty Years of Typing." The writer observed that the first practical typewriter to arrive in England from America was large, clumsy, and involved the operator in the active use of both hands and feet. Even so it was regarded as a marvel of its kind, but like all new things was looked upon with suspicion. There was so much to be said against it—its cost, the difficulty of finding clerks prepared to learn to manipulate it. But the two Americans, Sholes and Glyden, who had spent years experimenting, were not to be deterred. They, and those who had vision and realised the possibilities inherent in the machine and idea, set about overcoming, one by one, the many defects which were pointed out and which, for a long time, retarded the growth of its popularity. One of the greatest defects in the earlier machines was that they had no capital letters. But with the invention of the now familiar key-shift this was overcome. This invention—the key-shift—very directly speeded up the revolution, to which reference has already been made, in business life. And to-day there are typewriters of many makes and of many sizes on the market and in daily use. And, even now, you can have a "silent" typewriter in certain sizes if wanted.

The last profession to capitulate to the invasion of the mechanical writing machine was the legal profession. The use of the typewriter among solicitors was speeded up by the ruling of the courts, some years ago, to the effect that a carbon copy of a typed letter could be put in as evidence. The designing of a typewriter to register the twenty-six letters of our alphabet and the few symbols necessary for writing the languages of the Western world left untouched a wide field. The Chinese language, for instance, has some thousands of ideographs. The inventors set to

work to design a machine that could be handled by a single operator. It had to produce 1,068 characters. Obviously the only solution of this problem was the code. Now-a-days, however, in many Chinese newspaper offices and in most of the big business houses in China the typewriter is in use. The keyboard employed is reputed to be the invention of an English diplomat.

And now the typewriter industry employs thousands of workers and represents a capital investment of twenty-five million pounds sterling.

News in Brief.

Four cases of small-pox, one of diphtheria, and two of meningitis were reported yesterday.

Lowest open air temperature yesterday was 65. Humidity at 10 a.m. was 81 and at 4 p.m. 90.

To-day was observed as Pound Day at the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals, Bonham Road. The Hospitals were open for inspection, and, for the reception of gifts from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Chang Sai, (19), employed as canteen boy at Wellington Barracks was sent to the Government Civil Hospital last night, suffering from the effects of opium poisoning, stated to have been self-administered in an alleged attempt to commit suicide.

The U.S.S. Ganopus and four submarines arrived in harbour soon after 8 o'clock this morning for a short stay. They exchanged the usual salutes with the Port and the Commodore, and are now at the Naval anchorage, opposite the R.N. Dockyard.

A dance organised by H.M.S. Medway and submarines, which was to have taken place at Lane, Crawford's restaurant last night, was cancelled, on account of the outbreak of meningitis. It is hoped to hold the function on Monday next from 8.30 p.m. to 1 a.m.

TALKIE TALKS.

Owing to extreme pressure on space to-day, our usual weekly feature will appear to-morrow.

At the weekly meeting of the Theosophical Society, last evening, Mr. E. Paul delivered an interesting lecture tracing the migrations of past races of mankind from Atlantis to the Gobi Sea and thence to England. The lecture was illustrated by means of maps of the world in past ages.

On charges of being in possession of an automatic revolver and entering the Colony without a valid passport, George Arthur De Houx De Fastree, a motor engineer of France pleaded guilty, when he appeared on remand before Mr. Wynne-Jones in the Central Police Court yesterday afternoon. His Worship adjourned hearing for Counsel's arguments in extenuation of penalties.

Personal Pars.

Dr. Ernest Tso, formerly with the Peking Union Medical College and Hospital, has arrived in Shanghai to practise there.

The many friends of Mr. E. R. Childs, of China Underwriters, will be glad to learn that he has now left hospital after his recent operation. He has taken up residence at Repulse Bay.

Mr. Chao S. Bok, member of the committee of the Legislative Yuan of the Nationalist Government, has been appointed Chief Procurator of the Third Branch of the Kiangsu High Court in Shanghai.

The forthcoming marriage is announced of Cornelis Jan de Schipper, c/o Messrs. Wing Hing Company, Tai Ping Building, 16, Queen's Road Central, and Marion Thomas, of 28, Taku Street, Kowloon.

THE "CHINA MAIL" OBSERVES

1. That the German Government has aimed a blow at Hitler. —Well, they're simply hitting Hitler.
2. That it is an ill wind that blows nobody any good.—Argentinians will find volcanic ash very useful in the manufacture of cement.
3. That monkeys have no feet but just four arms.—As rugger players it will not be necessary to tell them to "use your feet."

Correspondence.

SUICIDE AN OFFENCE?

[To the Editor of "China Mail."] Sir,—I was more than interested, in the light of an experience I had while crossing the harbour in a ferry one night, in your leader in yesterday's *China Mail* which asked the question, Should Suicide be an Offence?

It was a pitch black night and bitterly cold. We were half-way across, when a splash was heard and the cry of "Man Overboard!" immediately raised. It was a deliberate attempt at suicide, as weather conditions did not warrant a man standing too near the side with the cold spray coming up on to the second class deck and besides, I ascertained that there was plenty of room near the funnel where the man might have gained some small degree of warmth. His attempt to rid the world of his company was the means of a delay of some minutes, whilst the ferry was stopped and then reversed. He was saved—that was almost inevitable—but at the risk of pneumonia to his rescuer. Was it worth it?

I am a firm believer in the principle of the survival of the fittest. If the man is sufficiently discouraged with himself and is deficient in his mental attitude towards the world, let him do away with himself. It is no criminal offence in my opinion.

Yours, etc.,
SUICIDER.
Hong Kong, April 15.

EMPIRE DAY.

[To the Editor of "China Mail."] Sir,—In connection with the special efforts which are being made for the observance of Empire Day this year, May 24, the Hong Kong Empire Day Committee appeal to local firms to utilise their advertising space in the newspapers, for a period of about a week prior to Empire Day, for the purpose of bringing to the notice of the public the products of the Mother Country and the Overseas Dominions; and, where possible, to give special window displays of such products.

The Committee would also like business houses and private residences to fly the Union Jack on Empire Day.

I feel sure that this appeal will meet with a worthy response.

Yours, etc.,
(Sd.) VIOLET PEEL.

BANISHEE WHO RETURNED TO MALAYA.

Because China was in Turmoil.

At the Malacca Assizes on April 4, a Chinese, Lye Yew, was charged with having on January 16 of this year, returned to the Colony after he had been banished from the Straits Settlements on January 11, 1929. The accused, pleading guilty, begged for leniency, stating that he had found China in turmoil and had returned to the Colony to earn an honest living. Mr. Justice a Beckett Terrell sentenced him to penal servitude for life.

TELEPHONE GIRL'S DEATH.

Penang. At the Coroner's enquiry held into the death of Miss Ung Say Im, a Penang telephone girl who was found dead in her room with a bottle of lysol and a glass, containing the drugs of the same evidence was given by Dr. A. S. McKern and the girl's father that this was her second attempt to commit suicide by taking lysol, the previous attempt having been made about three years ago. After other evidence the Coroner returned a verdict of death by suicide.

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S. ERNST LUBITSCH'S SMASHING PRODUCTION.



Retrenchment Commission's Recommendations

Government Must Not Finance The Training Of Teachers

Preferential Treatment for Local Children

The Colonial Treasurer Should Take A Proper Place in the Administration of the Colony

INSTALMENT VI AND LAST.

CONDITIONS OF HOME LEAVE.

23.—One of the reasons why European staff is expensive is because they go home on leave every four years, which in addition to the cost of passages entails the employment of a large staff than would otherwise be required. The position is aggravated by the fact that officers wish to go home in the Spring, irrespective of when they are actually due for leave, and return in the Autumn. As a result the department is overstaffed in the Winter, when very few officers are away on leave. The Commissioners appreciate the desirability from the health point of view of going home in the Summer, but they would point out that every Summer the teaching staff of the Education Department receive eight weeks' leave, which enables them to avoid the worst of the hot weather in Hong Kong. It would be no great hardship to require them to take their home leave when it became due, irrespective of the time of the year.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 23.—The arrangement of the leave programme of his staff must for the most part be left to the head of the department, as recommended by the Commissioners in paragraph 5 of their report on the Colonial Secretary's Office. The Director of Education will no doubt bear the recommendations of the Commissioners in mind.

TRAINING AND STUDY LEAVE FOR BRITISH TEACHERS.

24.—The Commissioners record with regret their disapproval of the existing agreement whereby this Colony bears the expense of a year's training in education in England for University graduates after they have been appointed by the Crown for service in Hong Kong. Such a scheme would seem to be somewhat one-sided, unless the Government offered to refund training fees to those candidates who, when they are appointed by the Crown for service in Hong Kong, have already taken the year's training course at their own expense. The Commissioners consider that under no circumstances should the Hong Kong Government finance the training of teachers in England in preparation for service in Hong Kong.

25.—It has been observed that an officer of the Education Department has recently been granted study leave, and study fees up to the maximum of £50. Presumably this study leave will exceed in length the ordinary vacation leave. The Commissioners feel that if an officer's services can be spared for study leave without incurring extra expense to the Government in the employment of a temporary teacher for that period, then either the Department is overstaffed or the loss of the officer's services must be detrimental to the best interests of the pupils, who are supposed to depend upon the good offices of the Crown.

26.—The Commissioners would suggest that in future such officers as are appointed from England should only be appointed if they are already fully qualified, and should not be permitted to obtain these qualifications during their service in the Government and in whole or part at Government expense.

Government's Comment.

Paragraphs 24-26.—The system referred to in this paragraph was reluctantly accepted by Government, as it was impossible to obtain a sufficient number of trained teachers in any other way, and it was hoped that when it is again necessary to recruit there will not be such a dearth of trained teachers willing to come to Hong Kong.

CONDITIONS OF APPOINTMENT OF LADY TEACHERS.

27.—The contract between the Crown and an officer of the Education Department is for a probationary period of three years. At any time during her service, whether during or after the probationary period, a lady teacher is required by her contract to resign on marriage, thereby terminating her appointment. Provision is made in the terms of contract that if this resignation falls within the three years' probationary period, the lady teacher is required to refund the whole of her passage money from England to Hong Kong. From the evidence before them, the Commissioners gather that this provision has of late years only been partially or not at all enforced. They would recommend, however, that in consideration not only of the loss of the refund of passage money, but of all the other expenses borne by the Government in passages for freshly appointed candidates, additional payment of medical fees, travelling expenses of candidates in England, and Crown Agents departmental charges, this provision should in future be rigidly enforced and that the whole of the passage money should be refunded by any officer resigning before the completion of the three years' probationary period.

Government's Comment.
Paragraph 27.—This matter has already been under consideration by the Secretary of State who has ruled that the marriage of such officers is a necessary incidence of their employment.

LOCAL SHARE MARKET.

More Activity Evident.

RATES FIRM.

The official summary issued by the Stock Exchange to-day states:

Markets took on a change for the better this morning, buyers being more in evidence, with rates inclined to be firmish.

Sales.

Hong Kong Banks, \$1,555/1,585.
Union Insurance, \$475.
Providents (old), \$4.90.
Hong Kong Realities, \$11.65.
Ewo Cottons, Tls. 15.85/15.40.
Hong Kong Trains, \$21.4.
China Lights (old), \$21.
Hong Kong Electric, \$74.
Telephones (P.P.), \$24.60.
Canton Ices, \$5.05.

Buyers.

Hong Kong Banks, \$1,560.
Union Insurance \$475.
Benguet, \$14.
Docks, \$20.4.
Providents (old), \$4.85.
Providents (new), \$2.20.
Hotels (Cum. Rights), \$18.30.
Hong Kong Realities, \$11.65.
Ewo Cottons, Tls. 15.30.
Hong Kong Trains, \$21.4.
China Lights (old), \$20.90.
Hong Kong Electric, \$74.
Macao Electric, \$24.5.
Telephones (P.P.), \$24.60.
Cements (Combined), \$18.20.
Sinceres, \$16.4.
Amusements, \$28.
Constructions (new), \$18.00.
Govt. Loans, 3% Premium.
Chinese Estates, \$95.4.
Benguet Explorations, 29 cents.

Sellers.

International Assoc. Tls. 4.
China Lights (old), \$21.4.
Hong Kong Electric, \$74.4.
S.C. Enterprises, \$10.
Constructions (old), \$5.4.

APPOINTMENTS TO HEADSHIPS AND SENIOR POSTS.

28.—The Commissioners are of the opinion that the officers appointed to the Headships of those Government schools which provide secondary education should be graduates, chosen for their high qualifications and for ability, instead of solely on account of seniority. Merit should replace length of service as the criterion for promotion, and the qualifications of the officer appointed should be appropriate to secondary education. The Commissioners also consider that the special salaries of Senior Masters and Senior Mistresses should be filled by appointment according to qualifications and merit, not according to seniority only. They deprecate, as being calculated in certain circumstances to lead to a lack of efficiency and consequently to a position the reverse of economic, an arrangement by which these posts may be allotted to unqualified officers because of their length of service. For example, the senior mistress of Central British School should be specially appointed on merit to that position, as she has under her control and supervision girls receiving a secondary education. Moreover these four Senior posts should only be filled if there are mistresses qualified and capable of filling them. The Commissioners desire especially to impress upon the Government this recommendation. The principle of selecting and earmarking a nucleus of officers for higher administrative command is just as important in the Education Department, as it is in other Government departments and other walks of life.

Paragraph 28.—Seniority is one of the factors to be taken into account when the filling of the higher posts is being considered; qualifications and merit are other considerations. A balance has to be struck between the three, and this balance the Government endeavours to achieve in its selection. There is no such post as Senior Mistress, Central British School.

TRAINING OF TEACHERS.

29.—The Retrenchment Commission in its terms of reference was advised by His Excellency the Governor to explore any means by which those Government officials who are recruited from England, paid on a sterling basis, eligible for leave and passages, and pensionable on retirement, could be satisfactorily replaced by Chinese. It is the considered opinion of the Commissioners that a very considerable portion of the work now undertaken by highly paid European officers could be done by Chinese; but, and here in the important qualification, the transition cannot be immediate, as the training at present offered to Chinese is not altogether satisfactory. The principle methods of training are:

(a) A course at the Technical Institute.
(b) A course of training at the University under the aegis of a Professor of Education and an Educational officer who performs the part-time duties of a Master of Method, and
(c) A course at the Vernacular Normal Schools.

(a) At the Technical Institute night classes are held in a number of subjects. The instructors are in most cases those members of the Education Department who are willing to accept the remuneration of \$5 per hour. Into these classes are admitted regardless of previous education, students at all stages of learning and with widely differing knowledge of English. They are taught together and left to imbibe

what they can of the teacher's wisdom. Examinations at the end of the course qualify the student for a Technical Institute Certificate. This method of training is neither thorough nor valuable. In particular it fails to provide any system for the practice of teaching under guidance. The majority of students are at work during the day, and during the course are not graded according to their knowledge of English.

(b) The course of training at the University is for four years, and the method of recruitment of Chinese University graduate masters for Government schools under this system is, in the opinion of the Commissioners, both wasteful and impractical. According to the evidence of the Director of Education there is no "natural supply" of University graduate teachers for Government schools; consequently Government has found it necessary to provide scholarships in order to induce students to take the University course in Education. Each of these "Students-in-Training" costs Government \$1,355 a year in respect of fees and allowances. But "wastage" is high, and the actual cost at the end of the four years' course works out at about \$10,000 per head. This is clearly an extraordinarily expensive scheme. At the conclusion of the course the graduate is bound by the terms of his agreement to serve in a Government school for two years. But in actual fact the Government has little or no control over the graduate if he refuses to carry out his part of the contract, nor has it any means of enforcing the refund of the subsidy should the student fail either to qualify, or to fulfil the prescribed term of years, at the University. There are at the present moment twenty-two of these subsidized students in training at the University. The expense incurred by the Government since the adoption of this scheme is out of all proportion to the number of Chinese graduate teachers now in the Department. Further, the methods of training do not appear to supply the actual practice in teaching which should be the important feature of an educational course.

30.—The Commissioners recommend that the following arrangements be substituted for those now in operation.
(a) The closing down of the Technical Institute classes.
(b) The abolition of the subsidy to students in training at the University.
(c) For the training of all teachers for Government schools a Training College should be established with a full time qualified staff, and a two years' full time course of training.

The College could be lodged, until such time as a separate building can be provided, in one part of King's College. It should be under a whole time Head, who should not be in addition a Headmaster of a school. If necessary he should, on appointment and before the College is opened, be allowed a period of leave to study up-to-date methods of training in England. The staff, which should be English and Chinese, could be recruited from among the highly qualified men and women at present in the Department. There should be no separate course of training at the University, but the University graduates should take a post graduate one-year course at the Government Training College to qualify as teachers. In the case of the University graduates the Government might pay a part or the whole of their tuition fees for this one year's course and might grant them an allowance to cover their other expenses, such sum to be decided upon by the Director of Education in collaboration with the Vice-Chancellor of the University. For both the two years' training course and the one year's post-graduate course, certificates should be issued on the result of an examination in the preface and theory of teaching.

31.—The Commissioners wish to emphasise the point that while the head of the Training College should be an officer of the Government, the closest relations should be maintained between the College and the University. It should be possible for the officer to arrange with the University for the students to attend lectures thereat. On the other hand, all the students should have the maximum of experience in actual teaching. The head of the Training College should have every facility from the Education Department for distributing his students through the schools of the Colony in order to practice teaching, not only under the eye of the College staff, but of the teaching staff in the schools.

These methods are adopted by training institutions in England, and the introduction of the same methods to this Colony would enable the Government to draw upon a supply of far better equipped teachers in the future, than has hitherto been the case. The Commissioners are of the opinion that while the heads and senior masters of the Government schools should for some time to come be recruited from England, the Hong Kong University graduate teachers should be encouraged to remain in Government service, with a view to taking up in the future some of the higher posts in the Education Department.

32.—If it be possible in the future, a preferential scale of salary should be given to the graduate Anglo-Chinese teachers, to distinguish them in status from the non-graduate Anglo-Chinese and Vernacular teachers. The Commissioners would suggest that in future, when appointments are made to the posts of non-graduate Anglo-Chinese and Vernacular teachers, the scale of salary should be \$720—\$4,800 per annum, which scale is equivalent to that paid to the Junior Clerical establishment of the Government.

33.—The benefits of the present salary scale of \$1,800—\$6,000, with pension for Anglo-Chinese masters, should be more widely advertised than hitherto. The Commission was informed that these figures if more widely known would offer an inducement to graduates to enter Government service after their University course.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 29-33.—There is in Hong Kong a large number of private unaided vernacular schools; it is the teachers of these schools that the Technical Institute teachers' classes are intended to, and do, benefit. These teachers are poor; their pay may be as low as \$20 per month. They cannot afford a University course nor would the majority be able to give up their working day to attend a Training College. To abolish the Technical Institute teachers' classes would be to deprive this class of person of the only opportunity it has of improving itself, and indirectly it would affect some thousands of school children. From the taxpayers' point of view the classes are remarkably cheap; 262 (nine being Government teachers) adult Chinese were in 1930 given instruction at a cost of \$9,697, i.e., only \$37 per head. The statement that no actual practice in teaching is given is incorrect. Whilst admitting that the system whereby Government has to pay the cost of training its Chinese University graduate teachers is not ideal, Government, after considering the matter carefully on more than one occasion, is satisfied that it is in present circumstances the best possible. The salaries paid by Government are already well known amongst the Chinese community, but they are apparently not sufficiently attractive to induce young men in any number to undergo the four years' course at the University at their own expense. To raise salaries would be more expensive than the present scheme. The Commissioners state that allowing "wastage" the cost to Government works out at \$10,000 per head. Unfortunately they do not mention how they arrive at this figure, which is nearly double that which Government is satisfied is more correct. Since the inception of the scheme the following are the figures:—

Numbers.	Cost to Government
33 graduates teaching under the scheme	\$151,515
2 non-graduates teaching in Government schools	3,000
12 teachers dismissed, resigned, deceased after service	39,760
29 studentships cancelled	87,325
	\$281,600

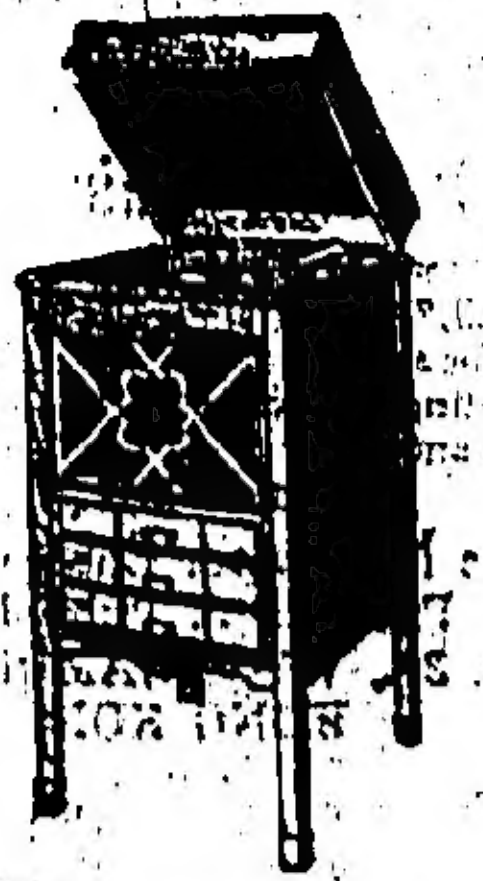
Assuming for the moment that the 29 failures are a dead loss and adding their cost to that of the 47 teachers who, subsequent to training, actually received appointments in schools in the Colony, the average cost of the 47 works out at just under \$6,000 per head. But these 29 are not all a dead loss. Eight completed the course at their own expense and are now teaching in the Colony, two more who did not complete the course are also teaching in the Colony. Adding these ten to the 47, the average cost of 57 teachers comes to less than \$5,000 each. If European Masters are to be replaced by Chinese, it is essential that provision should be made for ensuring a regular supply of the latter. The scheme put forward by the Commission to set up

(Continued on Page 10.)

COLUMBIA

NEW PEDESTAL MODEL. (CHROMIUM PLATED FITTINGS)

THE MODEL HAS MET A REAL DEMAND FOR A FLOOR INSTRUMENT AT A MODEST PRICE THAT EMBODIES THE FAMOUS COLUMBIA TONE.



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WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27th, at 2 p.m.

Clothes and household goods gratefully received
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The China Mail

Published every evening except Sunday. Annual subscription, including postage abroad, H.K. \$38, payable in advance. Local delivery free.

Overland China Mail.

The weekly edition of the "China Mail," published every Friday. Annual subscription, H.K. \$12 including postage \$19, payable in advance.

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'Phone 20022

FOR

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

Twenty-five words three insertions prepaid \$1.50. Every additional word five cents for three insertions.

All replies under this heading must be called for.

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FOR SALE—MOTOR YACHT with AUXILIARY SAIL. Length 48' 6" Beam 11' 6". Speed 7 1/2 knots. Very reliable and economical engine. Cabin sleeps four. Ideal for Large Yachting Party. All Teak Hull. Complete inventory. All in First Class Order. Apply Box No. 723, c/o "China Mail."

COASTWISE.—An interesting book of cartoons depicting "Happenings" on the China Coast. Price \$1, on sale at the "China Mail" office, 2A, Wyndham Street.

AN INTRODUCTORY HISTORY for schools by A. H. Crook, W. Kay and W. L. Handyside. Price \$1, on sale at the publishers, Newspaper Enterprise, Ltd., 2A, Wyndham Street.

TUITION GIVEN.

PRIVATE LESSONS in English, French, Music, shorthand and Typewriting. Terms moderate. 6, Anson Villas, Austin Road, Kowloon.

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MISS RUTH CULLEY,
(Camb. Higher Local,
Camb. Teachers' Diploma).
MISS GERTRUDE TURNER,
(National Brodel Higher
(Certificate)).

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOUR VISITING CARDS neatly and promptly printed. "China Mail" Office, No. 2A, Wyndham St. Telephone 20022.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

The following unclaimed telegrams are lying at the Eastern Extension Telegraph Co.'s office:—

Dekatangino, passenger, Ram-pura, from Shanghai.

W. F. Fincher, from Melbourne Po.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Greenbaum, Peninsula Hotel, from Hilo.

Perkins, from Shanghai.

G. C. CLARKE, Manager.

Hong Kong, April 14, 1932.

The following unclaimed telegram is lying at the office of the Great Northern Telegraph Company (Limited) at 10, Queen's Road, Hong Kong.

F. Y. JENSEN, Superintendent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H.K.C.C. TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

WEATHER permitting the FINALS of the OPEN DOUBLES will take place at 4.15 p.m. on MONDAY, 18th April, followed by the distribution of prizes. Hong Kong, 15th April, 1932.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LIMITED.

From LEITH, MIDDLESBRO', ANTWERP, LONDON AND STRAITS.

The Steamship "BENLAWERS"

Consignees of cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of The Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained. No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 21st April, will be subject to rent. All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 6th May, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 21st April, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when damaged dutiable goods are examined.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hong Kong, 15th April, 1932.

BUY VICTOR RECORD

No.

36048

(GOODNIGHT SWEETHEART

(MY SUNSHINE IS YOU.

played by

JACK HYLTON &

HIS ORCHESTRA

with

VOCAL REFRAIN.

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COMPANY.

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LAMMERT BROS.

AUCTIONEERS, APPRAISERS AND SURVEYORS.

Public Auctions

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction

ON

MONDAY, April 18, 1932,

commencing at 11 a.m.,

at their Sales Room,

4, Duddell Street,

(for account of the concerned)

1 Case Woollen Fancy Suiting

1 Case Woollen Fancy Suiting

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1 Case Woollen Serge Suiting

Terms: Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers.

Hong Kong, April 14, 1932.

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COMPANY MEETINGS

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Forty-Seventh Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Hong Kong Hotel, Hong Kong, on TUESDAY, the 19th April, 1932, at 11.30 a.m. for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st October, 1931.

The Register of Shares of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, April 13, to Tuesday, April 19, 1932, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON, General Managers.
Hong Kong, April 7, 1932.

SPORTS NOTICES.

THE MACAO JOCKEY CLUB.

Second Extra Race Meeting.

(Postponed from 3rd April, 1932).

By courtesy of the Stewards of the Faelling Hunt & Race Club, the above Race Meeting will be held at the Kwanti Race Course on

Sunday, the 17th April, 1932,

First Saddling Bell at 1.45 p.m.

First Race at 2.15 p.m.

Admission to Members' Enclosure will be limited to Members of this Club and Faelling Hunt & Race Club who must wear their Badges.

Non-Members will be admitted to the Members' Enclosure upon payment of \$5 per badge.

Tickets for admission to the Public Enclosure \$1 each.

Each Member is entitled to 2 Ladies' Tickets free on application to the Secretary.

Special Train services. Leaving Kowloon at 1.05 p.m. and returning from Faelling at 5.58 p.m.

\$2 fare including admittance charge to the Race Course.

By Order,

W. L. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

Hong Kong, 13th April, 1932.

Regulations forbidding service-

men to attend places of amuse-

ment owing to the outbreak of

meningitis prevented the appear-

ance of Mr. Thomas Lowe, the

baritone, at the song recital in the

Helena May Institute yesterday.

His place was taken by Miss Edris

d'Aquino, who sang nine songs, her

numbers including "My Mother

Bids me Bind my Hair," "Who is

Sylvia" and "Maiden's Wish." "La

Serenata," "L'Amour Captif" and

"The Nightingale," all of which

were well received.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

REMINDER

SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE,
HONG KONG.

PENINSULA HOTEL

SATURDAY, 23rd APRIL, 1932.

DANCING: 9 till 1 o'clock.

Members are requested to apply immediately to Messrs. Linstead and Davis for their tickets.

AFTER DINNER MUSICALS.

Helena May Institute.

The following programme will be presented to-night at 9 p.m.:

Part I.

1.—Mr. E. F. D'Aquino—"Selected."

2.—Mrs. G. Griggs, Mrs. M. Arnold, and Mr. E. Schroter—"Andante" (Haydn).

3.—Mrs. P. St. A. Sharpham—"Solveigs Song" (Grieg); (b) "Homing" (Teresa Del Riego).

4.—Mr. F. V. Whitta—"New Year's Eve."

5.—Mrs. M. Portallion—(a) "Softly awakes my Heart" (Samson & Dellah); (b) "Now sleeps the Crispin Petal" (Quilter).

6.—Mr. W. H. Bailey—(a) "Trade Winds" (Keel); (b) "Vagabond" (Vaughan Williams).

7.—The Four B's—"Selected Numbers."

Part II.

1.—Mr. E. F. D'Aquino—"Selected."

2.—Mrs. Griggs, Mrs. Arnold and Mr. Schroter—(a) Adagio (Schubert); (b) Norwegian Dance (Grieg).

3.—Mr. W. H. Bailey—(a) Even Bravest Heart (Faust); (b) Two Grenadiers (Schumann).

4.—Mrs. P. St. A. Sharpham and Mrs. M. Portallion (Duets)—(a) Sing Jocular Bird (M. Phillips); (b) Serenade (Schubert).

5.—Mr. F. V. Whitta—Sir Walter Raleigh (Monologue).

6.—The Four B's—"Selected Numbers."

HELENA MAY INSTITUTE CONCERT.

Regulations forbidding service-men to attend places of amusement owing to the outbreak of meningitis prevented the appearance of Mr. Thomas Lowe, the baritone, at the song recital in the Helena May Institute yesterday. His place was taken by Miss Edris d'Aquino, who sang nine songs, her numbers including "My Mother Bids me Bind my Hair," "Who is Sylvia" and "Maiden's Wish." "La Serenata," "L'Amour Captif" and "The Nightingale," all of which were well received.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

EXCHANGES.

TO-DAY'S QUOTATIONS.

On London—
Bank, wire 1/2 3/4
Bank, on demand 1/2 3/4
Bank, 4 months' sight 1/2 3/4
Credits, 4 months' sight 1/3 3/4
Documentary, 4 months' sight 1/3 3/4
On Paris—
On demand 575
Credits, 4 months' sight 620
On Berlin—
On demand Nom.
On New York—
On demand 22 3/4
Credits, 60 days' sight 24 3/4
On Bombay—
Wire 79 3/4
On demand 79 3/4
On Calcutta—
Wire 79 3/4
On demand 79 3/4
On Singapore—
On demand 51 3/4
On Manila—
On demand 45 3/4
On Shanghai—
On demand 37 3/4
Dollar 4 5/8 dis.
On Yokohama—
On demand 68 1/2
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate) 1/3 3/4
Silver (per oz.) 16 1/2
Bar Silver in Hong Kong Nom.
Copper Cash Nom.
Copper Cents 1 1/2 prem.
Rate of Native Interest 3 1/2% p.a.
Chinese Sub. Coin 29 1/2% dis.
Hong Kong Sub. Coin Par.

LONDON EXCHANGES

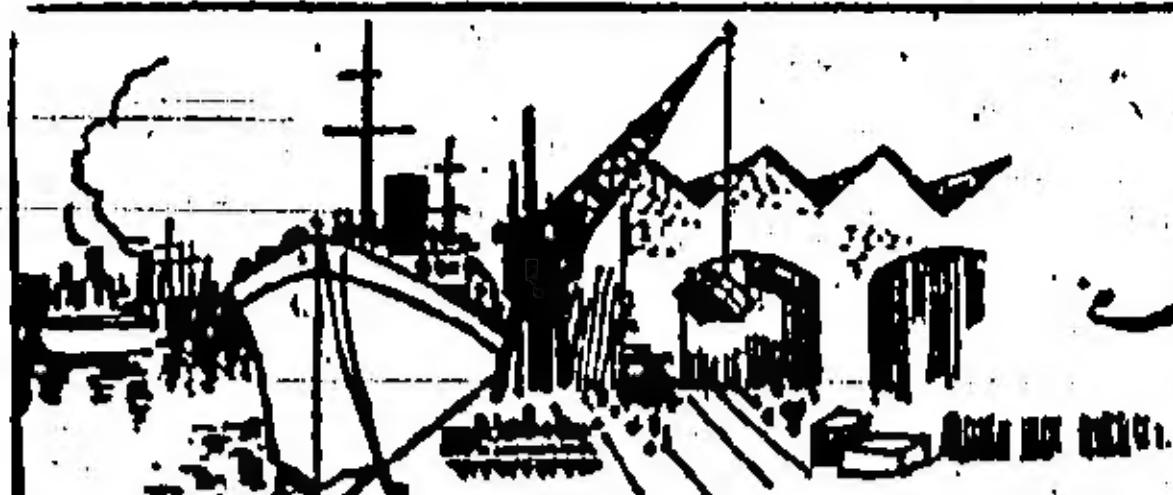
Rugby, Yesterday.
Paris 95 11/16
New York 3.77 1/4
Montreal 4.19 1/4
Brussels 22.90
Geneva 19.3
Amsterdam 9.31 1/2
Milan 73 3/4
Berlin 15 1/2
Stockholm 18 5/16
Copenhagen 18 5/16
Oslo 19 9/16
Vienna 32
Prague 127
Helsingfors 215
Madrid 49 1/2
Lisbon 109 3/4
Athens 300
Bucharest 632 1/2
Rio 434
Buenos Aires 36 7/16
Montevideo 29
Bombay 1/6 1/16
Shanghai 1/7 13/16
Yokohama 1/9 1/2
Hong Kong 1/2 11/16
Silver Spot 16 1/2
Silver Forward 16 9/16

Miss E. Balean played two etudes (Chopin) which were delightful. Mrs. I. Balean, an accomplished violinist, played the "Andante et Polonaise" very well. An instrumental trio (piano, violin, cello) comprising Messdames Balean and Arnold and Miss B. Balean presented three very fine numbers. The accompanists were Miss M. Gomes and Miss Luba Pecker.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE

Opening Daily Official Quotations, April 15, 1932.
NEXT SETTLEMENT DAY, TUESDAY, APRIL 26, 1932.

STOCK	Buy-ers	Sell-ers	Sales	Nov	Fin. year	Last dividend and when paid
Banks.						
Hong Kong Bank	1560	...	1560	1560	Dec.	{Final Div. at 1931-1932-74} making 44 for 1931
(Lon. Reg.) .....	...	...	...	109	Dec.	...
Chartered Bank .....	...	...	...	111	Dec.	Fin. 74-Sub. to 77 Tax a/c 1931
Merchants Bk., A&B, C. .....	...	...	...	184	Dec.	1st. 7% a/c 1931 less 17 Tax
Bank of Asia .....	...	...	...	116	Dec.	44 for 1931
Amoy, O. Fin. Corp. .....	...	...	...	90	Dec.	...
Insurance.						
Canton Ins. ....	...	...	...	1250	Dec.	{Fin. 93 at 10 for 1929-1930} {Interim 81 at 10 for 1930} {Final 10 for 1930} {Interim 24-4 for 1930} -42
Union Ins.	475	...	475	...	Dec.	...
China Underwriters .....	...	...	...	4	Dec.	None
China Fire Ins. ....	...	...	...	690	Dec.	{Final 93 bonus 90 and 11 for 1930} {Interim 81 a/c 1931} {Interim 24-4 for 1930} making 93 for 1930
H. K. Fire Ins. ....	...	...	...	1195	Dec.	...
International Assoc. Ins.	4	...	...	...	Dec.	...
Shipping.						
Douglases .....	...	...	...	95	Dec.	Last dividend for 1931
H. K. Steamships .....	...	...	...	38	Dec.	Last dividend for 1931
Indo-China (Prof.) .....	...	...	...	49	Dec.	{1st. ex. 24 on preferred} {Interim 24-4 for 1931} -42
(Def.) .....	...	...	...	32	Dec.	Last dividend for 1931
Shells Bearer .....	...	...	...	3814	Dec.	{Final 1/8 Coupon No. 50} {Interim 24-4 for 1930} 50 cents a/c for 1931
Union Waterboats .....	...	...	...	194	Dec.	...
Mining.						
Benguet	14	...	...	...	Dec.	First Int. 25 Oct. 1931 a/c 1931
Kailan Mining Ad. .....	...	...	...	32/8	June	{2 1/2% free 17 Tax O'pon 22} {for year 20-21} -21
Langkai (Single) .....	...	...	...	4	Oct.	T. 0.80 for year 21-22
S'hai Exploration .....	...	...	...	2.10	Dec.	None
Loans .....	...	...	...	2	Dec.	{Final T. 0.80} {for year 20-21} -21
Rauha .....	...	...	...	38	Mar.	2nd Int. 24-4 for year 21-22
Venezuela Gold Fields .....	...	...	...	2	Dec.	...
Docks, Wharves, Godowns, &c.						
H. K. & W. Wharves .....	...	...	...	1424	Dec.	44 for 1931
H. K. & W. Docks	304	...	...	...	Dec.	Last dividend for 1931
South Ch. Motors (A) .....	...	...	...	13	Dec.	{16 cents on old} {for 1931} -21
(B)	4.85	...	4.00	...	Dec.	Interim T. 3 a/c 1931
China Provident (old)	9.30	...	...	...	Dec.	T. 0.25 for 1931
Hongkew .....	...	...	...	300	Apr.	T. 0 for year 20-21
N. Engineering .....	...	...	...	52	Dec.	...
Shanghai Docks .....	...	...	...	88	Apr.	T. 0 for year 20-21
Land, Hotels & Buildings.						
H. & S. Hotels (C.R.)	18.80	...	...	3.65	Dec.	6 Cts. (old) 5 Cts. (new) for 1931
(Rights) .....	...	...	...	78	Dec.	Final 82 making 44 for 1931
H.K. Lands .....	...	...	...	95	Dec.	{Final 27-43 Sub. 77-43} {and 77-43 for 1931} -21
Metropolitan Lands .....	...	...	...	10	Dec.	{16 cents on new} {for 1931} -21
Humphreys .....	...	...	...	181	Sep.	T. 1 year 20-21
A. K. Realities	11.65	...	11.65	...	Dec.	Fin. 30 Cts. mak. 9 Cts. for 1931
Asia Realities "A" .....	...	...	...	160	Dec.	Interim 43 a/c year 20-21
"B" .....	...	...	...	80	Dec.	...
Chinese Estates	961	...	...	...	Feb.	...
Export Explorations	40 Cts.	...	...	...	Jan.	...
Cotton Mills.						
Two Cottons	15.90	...	15.95/10	...	Dec.	T. 1.80 for 1931
Shanghai Cotton .....	...	...	...	75	Apr.	T. 2-25 for half year 21-22
Goong Sing .....	...	...	...	10	June	T. 0.80 for year 20-21
Public Utilities.						
K. Tramways	911	...	...	...	Dec.	Final 6 Cts. making 44 for 1931
Tramways (old) .....	...	...	...	153	Apr.	{30 Cts. on old} {for year 1930 on new} -21
(new) .....	...	...	...	8	Dec.	...
Tramways .....	...	...	...	904	Dec.	44 for 1931
Tramways .....	...	...	...	37	Dec.	50 Cts. for 1930
China Light (old)	20.90	...	...	...	Sep.	50 Cts. for year 20-21
(new) .....	...	...	...	301	Dec.	...
K. Electric	74	74 1/2	74	...	Dec.	...
Electric	241	...	...	...	Dec.	...
Indo-China Light .....	...	...	...	12	June	None
K. Tel. fully paid .....	...	...	...	41	Dec.	Final 6% making 10% for 1931
China Buses	24.60	...	24.60	...	Dec.	T. 0.30 for 1931
Tramways (Ord.) .....	...	...	...	16	Dec.	{14 1/2 on preference shares} {Subject to income tax}
(Pref.) .....	...	...	...	14 1/2	Sep.	...
Industrial.						
Shanghai Sugars .....	...	...	...	31	Dec.	T. 4.50 for 1930
M. Mag. Ord. .....	...	...	...	101	Dec.	{T. 0.80} {for 1930} -21
Tramways .....	...	...	...	5.05	July	20 cents for year 21-22
Tramways (com.)	18.30	...	...	...	Dec.	...
(old) .....	...	...	...	2.25	Dec.	{45 cents on old} {for 1931} -21
(new) .....	...	...	...	5.45	Dec.	...
K. Ropes .....	...	...	...	15	Dec.	8 Cts. bonus 1 Cts. mak. 9 Cts. for 1931
China Agriculture .....	...	...	...	101	Dec.	...
Stores, &c.						
Y. Farm .....	...	...	...	88.50	Dec.	87.75 for 1931
Tramways .....	...	...	...	16	Oct.	20 cents for year 21-22
(Rights) .....	...	...	...	31	Dec.	...
A. Wang .....	...	...	...	1	Dec.	...
Crawford (old) .....	...	...	...	5.30	Feb.	Last dividend for year 22-23
(new) .....	...	...	...	61	Feb.	...
Tramways	101	...	...	...	Feb.	...
Powells .....	...	...	...	8.85	Feb.	20 cents a/c year 22-23
Miscellaneous.						
Amusements	23	...	...	...	Mar.	...
Entertainment .....	...	...	...	14.90	Dec.	...
Tramways	10	...	...	...	Dec.	...
China Theatre .....	...	...	...	5	Dec.	...
"Globe" .....	...	...	...	10	Dec.	...
Tramways (Old) .....	...	...	...	...	Dec.	{40 cents on old} {11 cents on new} for 1931
(New)	1.80	...	...	...	Dec.	...
G. & S. Bonds .....	...	...	...	58%	Dec.	...
Govt. Loans	34%	...	...	...	Dec.	Interest half yearly



Shipping Intelligence.

CHINESE SHIP UNDER ARREST.

For further information apply to:—NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Telephone 30291. (Private exchange to all departments.)

Seng Hong.
Sagres, Portuguese str., 1,434 tons,
Capt. V. Lorrango from Can-

On Pak—Chinese gunboat.

Neither the owners of the ship, nor interested parties, entered an appearance when the actions were called, and his Lordship accordingly gave judgment for plaintiffs and made an order that

The ship be condemned in the amount of the claim and costs, with liberty to apply as to the amount of maintenance if any question arose. He made an order for the appraisal of the ship for sale, but ordered that such sale should be made only with the consent of plaintiffs in another action, yet to be heard.

It was mentioned that a very substantial claim by the Hong Kong and Whampoa Dock Company Limited had yet to be investigated against the same ship.

The time used is Standard, or mean time of the meridian of 120 deg. E.; 00h. is midnight, 12hrs. is noon. The heights are referred to the datum of the largest scale Admiralty chart of the place and should be *added* to the depths given on the chart unless preceded by an asterisk (*), when they should be *subtracted* from the depths.

April 15 to 21, 1982.

Date		High Water			Low Water		
		Standard Ht. Times.			Standard Ht. Times.		
		H.	M.	F.	H.	M.	F.
Fr.	15	15	05	59	23	58	11
Sat.	16	08	40	42	10	49	41
Sun.	17	08	04	35	00	44	10
Mon.	18	08	10	49	09	10	58
Tues.	19	08	29	54	02	00	12
Wed.	20	08	50	60	02	35	14
Thurs.	21	09	20	65	08	09	14
		22	25	55	15	40	07

SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES via Saigon, Singapore, Colombo, Durban & Capetown.	Rio de Janeiro Maru	Sat.,	23rd Apr.
MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, DAR-ES-SALAAM, BEIRA, LOURENÇO MARQUES, DURBAN, PORT ELIZABETH & CAPE TOWN THENCE TO RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS & BUENOS AIRES via Singapore & Colombo	Manila Maru	Fri.,	7th May
MELBOURNE via Brisbane & Sydney	Melbourne Maru	Wed.,	5th May
JAPAN PORTS (Frequent Services).	Sumatra Maru	Thurs.,	21st Apr.
LONDON, HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM & ANTWERP via Singapore, Colombo, Suez & Port Said.	London Maru	Sat.,	7th May
NEW YORK via Japan ports, Los Angeles & Panama. Call Direct at Boston, Philadelphia & Baltimore.	Kwansai Maru	Sat.,	23rd Apr.
BOMBAY via Singapore, Belawan Deli & Colombo	Borneo Maru	Tues.,	19th Apr.
CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.	Havana Maru	Thurs.,	21st Apr.
KEELUNG via Swatow & Amoy (3 p.m. every Sunday).	Hosan Maru	Sun.,	17th Apr.
JAPAN PORTS via Takao & Keelung	Canton Maru	Sun.,	24th Apr.
TRADE via Swatow & Amoy (Night).	Deli Maru	Thurs.,	21st Apr.

For further particulars please apply to:-
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
 Telephone 28061.

INWARD MAILS.

SATURDAY. APRIL 16.	
Japan, Shanghai and Eoupre via Siberia (London, March 26)	Asama Maru
Shanghai and Swatow	Sinkiang
Europe via Negapatam (Papers only, Lon- don, March 17)	Fushimi Maru
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco, March 18)	President Hayes
SUNDAY. APRIL 17.	
Japan	Ginyo Maru
Japan and Shanghai	Heian Maru
MONDAY, APRIL 18.	
Calcutta and Straits	Kut Sang

OUTWARD MAILS.

FRIDAY, APRIL 15.	
Samshui and Wuchow	Tai Ming 4 p.m.
Japan, Canada, U.S.A., G. and S. America and *Europe via Vic- toria, B.C.	President Cleveland (Due Victoria, B.C., May 3). Parcels Apr. 15, 8 p. Registration 4.15 p. Letters 5 p.
Shanghai and *Europe via Siberia	President Cleveland Registration Apr. 15, 5 p. Letters 6 p. Pronto 5 p.m.
Saigon	
SATURDAY, APRIL 16.	
Japan	Fushimi Maru 10.30 a.
Haiphong	Canton 2.30 p.
Manila	President Hayes 5 p.m.
SUNDAY, APRIL 17.	
Manila	Asama Maru 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Formosa	Hozan Maru 9 a.m.
Bangkok via Swatow	Kwanchow 9 a.m.

* Superscribed Correspondence only.

<p>DEPARTURE HOURS: Hong Kong 8.30 p.m., Wuchow 3 p.m.</p> <p>SAILING DATES FOR APRIL, 1932 (Subject to Change).</p>	
<p>BRITISH WUCHOW LINE</p>	
<p>Leaves Arrives</p>	<p>Leaves Arrives</p>
<p>Wuchow. Hong Kong.</p>	<p>Wuchow. Hong Kong.</p>
<p>17th MON. 22nd TUES.</p>	<p>17th MON. 22nd TUES.</p>
<p>24th SUN. 29th WED.</p>	<p>24th SUN. 29th WED.</p>
<p>31st MON. 6th TUES.</p>	<p>31st MON. 6th TUES.</p>
<p>13th SUN. 18th WED.</p>	<p>13th SUN. 18th WED.</p>
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<p>11th MON. 17th TUES.</p>	<p>11th MON. 17th TUES.</p>
<p>18th</p>	

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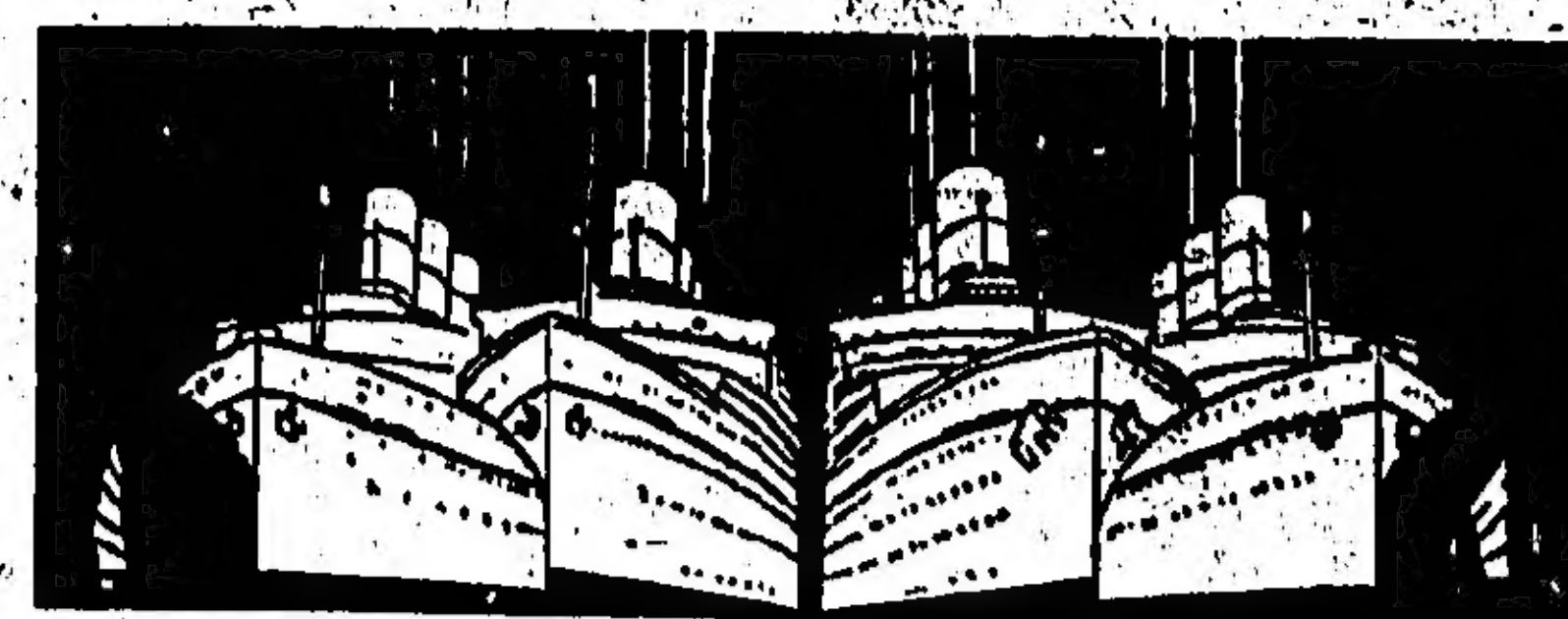
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	Hong Kong Leave	Shanghai Leave	Nagasaki Leave	Kobe Leave	Yokohama Leave	Manila Leave	Vancouver Arrive
Emp. of Russia	Apr. 22	Apr. 25	Apr. 26	Apr. 28	Apr. 30		May 1
Emp. of Japan	May 8	May 9		May 11	May 13	May 19	May 2
Emp. of Asia	May 20	May 23	May 24	May 26	May 28	June 4	June 1
Emp. of Canada	June 3	June 6		June 8	June 10	June 16	June 2
Emp. of Russia	June 17	June 20	June 21	June 23	June 25		July 1
Emp. of Japan	July 3	July 4		July 6	July 8	July 14	July 1
Emp. of Asia	July 15	July 16	July 19	July 22	July 23		Aug. 1
Emp. of Canada	July 29	Aug. 1		Aug. 3	Aug. 5	Aug. 11	Aug. 1
Emp. of Russia	Aug. 12	Aug. 16	Aug. 16	Aug. 18	Aug. 20	Aug. 27	Aug. 1
Emp. of Japan	Aug. 26	Aug. 29		Aug. 31	Sept. 1	Sept. 8	Sept. 1
Emp. of Asia	Sept. 9	Sept. 12	Sept. 13	Sept. 15	Sept. 17		Sept. 2

HONG KONG — MANILA.

	Leave Hong Kong	Arrive Manila
EMPRESS OF JAPAN	Apr. 29	May 1
EMPRESS OF ASIA	May 11	May 18

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"CALOCHAS" 25th Apr. For M'ton, L'don, B'dam and H'burg

LIVERPOOL SERVICE.

"TROILUS" 24th Apr. For Liverpool, Havre and Glasgow

"ELPENOR" 2nd May For Liverpool & Havre

NEW YORK SERVICE.

"ADRASTOS" 11th May For Boston, New York, and Baltimore
via Philadelphia, Port-Smythnam and Singapore

PACIFIC SERVICE.
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"PROTEUS" 5th May For Victoria, Vancouver and Seattle

"LIXION" 4th June For Victoria, Vancouver and Seattle

INWARD SERVICE.

"AJAX" Due 17th Apr. For Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama
and Vladivostok

"DIOMED" Due 24th Apr. For Shanghai, Kobe, Yokohama
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STEAMER	Out from New	Leave New York	Leave Hong	Due Shanghai
CHANGH	At port	Apr. 15	Apr. 22	May 2
TAINING	May 10	May 20	May 27	June 5
CHANGH	June 10	June 21	June 28	July 15
TAINING	July 12	July 22	July 29	Aug. 10

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S.S.	Tons	From Hong Kong About	Destination.
RAWALPINDI	17,000	23rd Apr.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*ALIPORE	5,300	1st May	Straits, Colombo & Bombay.
RANPURA	17,000	7th May	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*BOMALI	6,800	14th May	Bombay, Marseilles & London. Havre.
CHITRAL	15,000	21st May	Bombay, Marseilles & London. Havre.
RANCHI	17,000	4th June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*BANGALORE	6,500	11th June	Bombay, Marseilles & London. Havre.
NALDERA	12,000	18th June	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
KAISAR-I-HIND	12,000	2nd July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*BRUTAN	6,000	9th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London. Havre.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	16th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
MANTUA	11,000	30th July	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
*SOUDAN	6,800	6th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London. Havre.
RAWALPINDI	17,000	13th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
RANPURA	17,000	27th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.
MALWA	11,000	10th Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles & London.

* Cargo only. † Calls Casablanca. ‡ Calls Djibouti.

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TAKADA	7,000	1932.	Singapore, Penang & Calcutta.
SIRDHANA	8,000	30th Apr. 17th May	

B.I. Apcar Line steamers have excellent accommodation for 1st and 2nd class passengers.

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		1932	
NELLORE	7,000	30th Apr.	Manila, Rabaul, Brisbane, Sydney & Melbourne.
TANDA	7,000	3rd June	
NANKIN	7,000	2nd July	

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The New Zealand Shipping Company's steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI & JAPAN.

1932.				
CHITRAL	15,000	21st	Apr.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
SIRDHANA	8,000	22nd	Apr.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
KIDDERPORE	8,500	27th	Apr.	Shanghai, Moji & Kobe.
*BANGALORE	6,500	30th	Apr.	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
RANCHI	17,000	5th	May	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
TILAWA	10,000	8th	May	Amoy, Shanghai, Kobe & Osaka.
TANDA	7,000	8th	May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
TALMA	10,000	19th	May	Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Ythama.
NALDERA	10,000	19th	May	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
*BRUTAN	6,000	29th	May	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
SANTHALA	8,000	2nd	June	Amoy, Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Osaka.
KAISAR-I-HIND	12,000	2nd	June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama.
NANKIN	7,000	6th	June	Shanghai, Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Ythama.
RAJPUTANA	17,000	16th	June	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.
*SOUDAN	6,800	25th	June	Shanghai, Kobe & Yokohama.

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Retrenchment Commission's Recommendations

(Continued from Page 7.)

training college for Government teachers only, with a head who would not be, in addition, a headmaster of a school and with a highly qualified staff, sounds the reverse of cheap. Nor is any practicable suggestion made as to how the present difficulty of recruiting graduates, without subsidising their university training, is to be surmounted. The Government is at present exploring the possibility of attracting University graduates by the offer of a one year's course of special training.

Preferential Treatment For Local Children.

34.—It has come to the notice of the Commissioners that the parents of a considerable number of Chinese students who attend schools in Hong Kong are not domiciled in the Colony. The Colony's schools are maintained by the taxpayers either directly or indirectly, and it is only reasonable that, since they bear the financial burden, their children should in all cases have the preference in admission into schools and the granting of free places and scholarships. Any proposal for retrenchment in education at once affects the children of the Colony's taxpayers, and the Commissioners would favour any practical scheme for obliging those who, not being domiciled here, use the educational facilities provided by the local Government, to bear a proportionately greater share of the expenses (either in increased fees or some other method) than those resident in Hong Kong. No grants should be paid to grant-in-aid schools in respect of the children of such "absentee" parents. An exception to this being made in the case of British subjects living in an outpost who send their children to be educated here.

Government's Comment.
Paragraph 34.—The desirability of this proposal is open to question and the Government after full consideration in Executive Council is unable to adopt it.

The Taxpayer and the Cost of Education.

35.—Education, like public health services, is quantitative. Much or little, or even none at all, can be spent on it, according to the wishes of the community. Administrative services on the other hand have to be provided up to a certain minimum. The community should therefore be put in a position to realise what it means in dollars and cents to provide education. The way in which this could be done would be to allot annually to education a fixed lump sum, say, equal to half of the present expenditure of the Education Department, out of the general revenue of the Colony. Then if the public, functioning through the Board of Education, wished to extend education the necessary funds should be raised by an education rate, which

the Board would have power to impose, subject to an over-riding veto in the Governor. At present the Board has neither power nor responsibility. The Commissioners recommend that a scheme on these lines be adopted. At the same time the Board should be made more representative than it is at present, and its deliberations given full publicity.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 35.—This matter has been considered in Executive Council which was not in favour of the proposal. The Board of Education as at present constituted does very useful work and it is not considered desirable to make its meetings public. It is already sufficiently representative of educational interests.

Reduction of Staff.

36.—The Commissioners here put forward a scheme for the reduction of staff consequent upon the re-arrangements outlined as follows:—

(i) The number of the classes in Government schools, with the exception of the two senior classes in the secondary schools, should be increased, where space allows, up to a maximum of 35 instead of 30. Such classes should not be subdivided for teaching purposes.

(ii) The Heads of Schools should take an active part in the teaching of the Senior classes.

(iii) The number of correction periods should be limited.

(iv) The closing down of Queen's College and the transfer of the secondary classes to King's College will lessen the number of European masters required.

(v) The closing of Victoria British School and the amalgamation of its pupils with those of Quarry Bay School will involve the possible transfer of one member of the staff from Victoria British School to Quarry Bay School.

(vi) The closing down of the Vernacular Middle School.

Government's Comment.
Paragraph 36.—With the exception of that in sub-section (i), which Government does not feel able to adopt, all the proposals in this paragraph have been dealt with elsewhere in the Report on the Education Department.

37.—The scheme for reduction of staff is drawn up on these lines:—

(a) The services of those temporary mistresses, especially of those who are either

(i) Unqualified teachers,

(ii) Married women not dependent for their living upon their teaching work,

(iii) Wives of Government servants (unless exceptionally highly qualified) should wherever and as soon as possible be dispensed with.

In view of the findings of the Salaries Commission it may be generally considered that Government servants are adequately paid, and the Commissioners are therefore opposed even to the temporary employment of the wives of these servants except in a special emergency, and then only if these ladies have high qualifications.

These temporary mistresses who are retained in the service of the Department should without exception be paid on a dollar salary, and on a uniform scale as laid down by the Salaries Commission.

(b) The abolition of the posts of Head Master of Queen's College and at least five of the European staff on amalgamation of Queen's College and King's College.

(c) The provision in the estimates for 1931 for the appointment of six British masters should be abolished. If, however, any of these appointments have already been made, the Government should take no steps whatever to fill any vacancies caused by the retirement on pension or resignation, until this retrenchment of six has been effected.

(d) There should be a reduction of at least 20% of the Chinese Vernacular teachers.

(e) There should be a reduction of at least 20% of the Portuguese and Chinese teachers of English subjects.

(f) The posts of Pianist, Teacher of Singing, Boxing Instructor, two Carpenter Instructors, two Needlework and one Portuguese teacher be abolished. These are all teachers of 'extra' subjects, instruction in which should be paid for by the pupils themselves. It is better that teachers in these subjects should arrange with the parents as to their fees, otherwise they will draw their salaries even though there may be no one taking their particular subject.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 37 (a).—It is the Government's view that teachers should only be appointed on educational grounds. The material is very good. They are all paid in accordance with the recommendations of the Salaries Commission.

Paragraph 37 (b).—See paragraphs 18-18.

(c) There is in the 1932 Estimates a reduction in the approved establishment of 3 Masters and 3 Probationer Masters.

(d) and (e).—This will have to depend on the scheme referred to under paragraphs 16-18 above and on the future of the Vernacular Middle School. It is however difficult to see how any reduction in these lower grade, and therefore cheaper, teachers is to be effected, without depriving a corresponding number of children of education.

(f).—The posts of Boxing Instructor, Pianist and two Needlework Teachers have been abolished.

(Continued at foot of next column.)



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Pres. McKinley May 10	Pres. Taft Apr. 30
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Pres. Van Buren May 29, 8 a.m.

TO MANILA
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Pres. Jackson Apr. 19, 6 p.m.
Pres. Taft Apr. 23, 6 p.m.
Pres. Pierce May 1, 8 a.m.
Pres. McKinley May 2, 6 p.m.
Pres. Jefferson May 7, 6 p.m.

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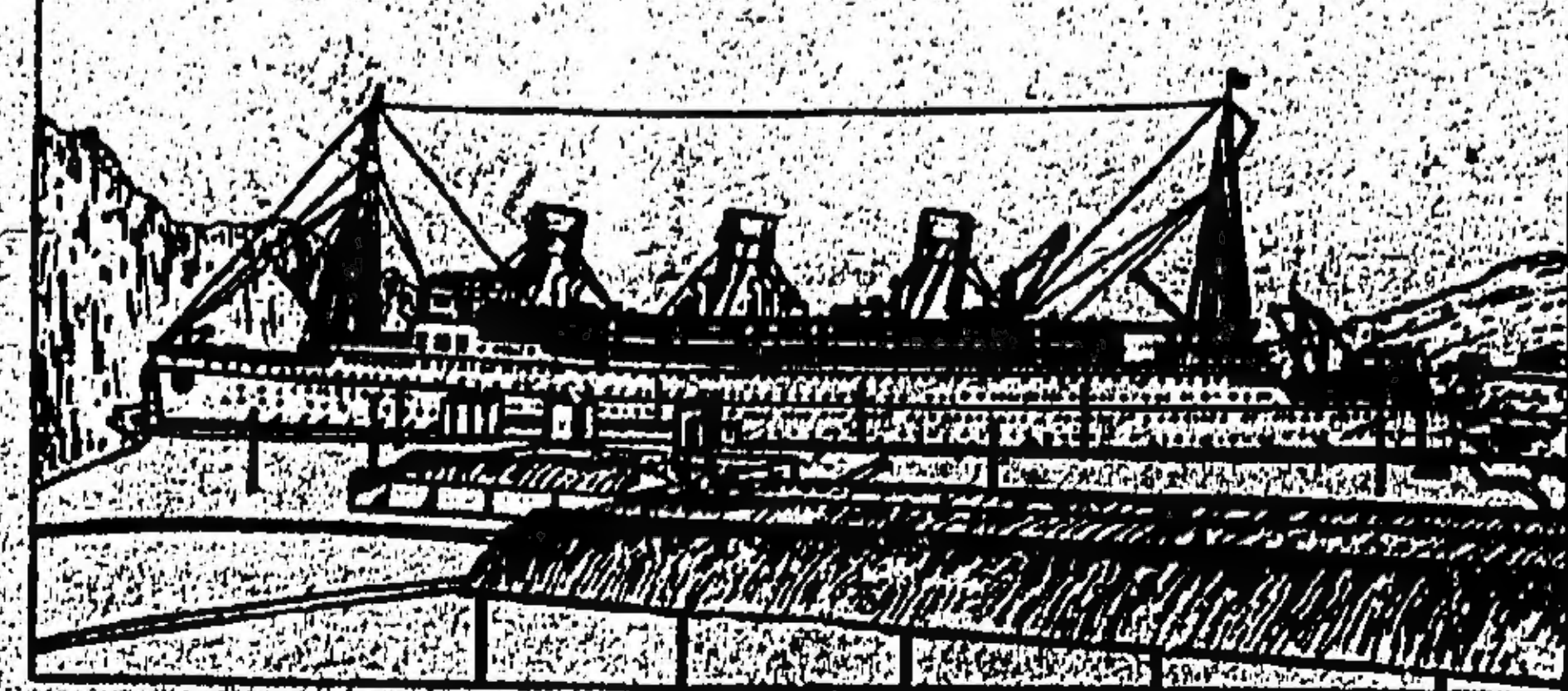
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ed. There is no teacher of Portuguese. It is not considered desirable to abolish the posts of Carpenter Instructors.
The Diocesan Boys' School, Kowloon.
38.—Although the question as to the future of the Diocesan Boys' School, Kowloon, has not been specifically referred by the Government to the Commissioners, and although they have been given to understand that the matter is subject to a grave note of warning in this connection, as the subject has been forced upon them by the Head Master, the Rev. Mr. Featherston.
39.—They would first of all note that the Government had not only built the Diocesan Boys' School, Kowloon, but had also provided for its maintenance and the salaries of its staff. They would note that the Government had also provided for the maintenance and salaries of the staff of the Diocesan Boys' School, Kowloon, and that the Government had also provided for the maintenance and salaries of the staff of the Diocesan Boys' School, Kowloon.

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Retrenchment Commission's
Recommendations

(Continued from Page 10.)

inhabitants whose children it is proposed to educate therein, and near the purlieus of Old Kowloon City.

41.—The population of Kowloon numbers about 300,000. For the education of the sons of the Chinese section of this population the Government has provided one out-of-date District School at Yau-mat, which is one of the most congested areas in the peninsula. It may be remarked in passing that not even this much provision is made for the education of the Chinese girls. Further, while cognisant of the fact that the Diocesan Boys' School has filled an important place in the educational life of the Colony, the Commissioners cannot but wonder how Government reconciles its liberality in granting to the school this large site (covering as it does twenty-three acres) and the sum of \$175,000, while it permits the Central British School, where 240 boys and girls are educated, to be housed in a jumbled up collection of wooden huts with no proper school amenities.

42.—The Commissioners even at this late date would suggest that it might yet be possible to take over the Diocesan Boys' School as the new Central British School, sell that portion of the ground not required and, with part of the one million dollars which it is at present proposed to spend on the erection of the new Central British School, to provide instead a school for the Diocesan Boys in a building and situation more commensurate with the resources of that institution, and on a less ambitious scale than the existing building. From an inspection of the present premises it can be realised that the School has been built and the grounds laid out in the most lavish manner, with the result that the upkeep will be a heavy annual charge, and one which will very likely and from time to time cause applications to be made for further aid from the public funds of the Colony. Although such assistance on the part of the Government might be considered a laudable action, the Commissioners feel that it would be unfair to finance only one single institution when it might mean neglect of the elementary education of those thousands for whom the Government at present does nothing, though the Commission considers that it will be compelled to do so in future. The Commissioners would at this juncture point out that they can find no record in the Report of the Director of Education or of the Inspectors of English Schools of these officers having in any way commented upon the heavy expenditure on buildings by the Diocesan Boys' School, nor do they appear to have foreseen a possible default in the repayments to the Government, although they must have had sufficient details and statements of account to have realised the financial situation of the institution in question.

43.—The Commissioners would finally suggest that, if such an arrangement can be arrived at, the proceeds of the sale of the site of the present Central British School, together with the balance, after providing for the Diocesan Boys' School, of the one million dollars proposed for the erection of the new Central British School, be earmarked in the future, and as the finances of the Colony permit, to provide establishments which will be necessary for the provision of elementary education for the children of the Chinese residents of the Kowloon peninsula.

Government's Comment.

Paragraphs 38-48.—Government is in touch with the authorities of the Diocesan Boys' School and negotiations are proceeding. It would be premature at this stage to make any disclosure. The Executive Council is being kept fully informed. Incidentally it may be remarked, with regard to the last sentence of paragraph 38, that the loan of \$175,000 to the Diocesan Boys' School was made with the full knowledge and concurrence of the Secretary of State, the Executive Council, and of the Finance Committee which contains all the Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council. The reference to the proposed new Central British School is based on the latest information. Government is aware of the source from which the Commissioners derived the proposed loan, and the fact that the loan was made by the Diocesan Boys' School, and not by the Government, is a matter of public record.

Board of Education, including the representative of the Kowloon Residents' Association, and with its concurrence. The cost is estimated at about half a million dollars for the buildings necessary to enable the present school buildings to be evacuated, but the finances of the Colony will not permit of the early commencement of the work, however desirable.

Treasury.

Considered purely as a department the Treasury is not in the opinion of the Commissioners over-staffed. The amount of revenue received over the counter at the Treasury is about 12 lakhs monthly and for each payment a receipt has to be given at the time. The Commissioners are glad to learn that it is proposed to instal machines for the issue of these receipts. Not only will this enable some reduction in clerical staff to be made, but it will enable receipts to be issued with the minimum of delay. Apart from this the Commissioners do not recommend any reduction, as they feel that it would only result in a loss in efficiency and hence in revenue.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 1.—It is proposed to purchase two machines next year, and though it is too early to give any definite undertaking it is hoped to effect a saving of six clerks as soon as the machines are in full working order.

2.—The Commissioners consider that enough importance has not been attached in the past to the post of Treasurer, and that it is probably due to this he has not taken his proper place in the administration of the Colony. The functions of the Treasurer are most important. Not only is he the financial adviser to Government, but he is the custodian of the Government's money. He should therefore warn Government if he considers that any proposed expenditure is financially undesirable, and in the event of his expressed opinion being over-ruled he should request the Government to forward his representations to the Secretary of State for the Colonies. The fact that he is a servant of the Government should not mean that he is only to give his opinion on financial matters when it is asked. He should give it whenever, in his capacity as Treasurer, he deems it necessary.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 2.—The Government has at all times been willing to accord full value to the importance of the Treasurer's post. The extent to which that importance can be realised in practice must depend largely on the personality of the holder of the post.

3.—The Commissioners in their report on the Colonial Secretary's Office have recommended that a number of matters hitherto dealt with by that office should in future be dealt with by the Treasury. These will mean an increase of work for the Treasurer, as will also the recommendation made in paragraph two above. To cope with this effectively it will probably eventually be necessary to appoint an Assistant Treasurer, who would relieve the Treasurer of much of the routine work, and who, being an *ex-officio* member of the Treasury, could act for the Treasurer at a moment's notice, should the necessity arise.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 3.—It is proposed on the completion of the Census to appoint the officer who is in charge of that work, a Cadet Officer of sixteen years seniority and with previous experience in the Treasury, as an Assistant Treasurer.

4.—The Commissioners urge most strongly that surplus balances be remitted regularly and immediately

to England as is required by the Secretary of State. Not to do so as has happened in the past, is to gamble in exchange, which is the reason always given for Government not fixing exchange in respect of its commitments.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 4.—This is the policy of Government.

5.—The Commissioners do not agree with the opinion that to fix exchange is to gamble. Consistently to settle, or consistently to refrain from settling, would over a period of years allow the law of averages to come into operation, and would show the same result. On the other hand to fix exchange enables the Government, whose revenue is in dollars, to know in advance how many dollars it will require in respect of all its commitments, both silver and sterling. If sterling be available in London for the Government's gold commitments this point is of course met, but if it be not available and contracts for supplies be entered into, to be paid later out of dollar revenues not yet in the Treasury, then exchange should be settled when the transaction is authorised. Care should be taken to obtain competitive rates when settling.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 5.—The recommendation contained in this paragraph is a matter which has as ardent advocates as it has opponents. Admittedly last year with the drop in the value of the dollar Government would have gained had it fixed exchange. On the other hand when the dollar tends to rise the effect might easily be disadvantageous to the Colony. The Government as at present advised is not prepared to accept this recommendation of the Commission.

6.—The liability for Widows' and Orphans' pensions should be shown in the statement of the Colony's Assets and Liabilities. The method of doing this is to show the prospective pensions of officers' widows and half the contributions (which they are entitled to withdraw on resignation or retirement) of bachelors. To show the contributions as revenue and to ignore the liability is unsound finance.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 6.—It is difficult to see what would be gained from adopting this suggestion. The liability for Widows' and Orphans' pensions is unlimited. Any figure purporting to show this liability would therefore be quite hypothetical.

7.—The Assistant Assessor should have a knowledge of Chinese. The assessment should also be more thoroughly overhauled.

Government's Comment.

Paragraph 7.—Government shares the opinion of the Commissioners that the assessment of the Colony needs a thorough overhaul. The Assessor's branch of the Treasury is being specially strengthened for the purpose. The transfer to the Assessor's Office of all valuation work for Government is contemplated, as soon as the major resumption work in New Kowloon is completed. This will not be until the end of next year at the earliest. It is not improbable that the staff will have to be further augmented later on. Government also agrees that the Assistant Assessor should have a knowledge of Chinese. But even more important is a knowledge of valuation and assessment work. Unfortunately no officer has hitherto been found with both qualifications.

APPENDIX TO COMMENTARY.

Whilst some of the recommendations in the Report can readily be reduced to terms of dollars and cents, many, including some of the

HONG KONG MARKET PRODUCE.

		April 6, June, June, 1932, 1918, 1914.					April 6, June, June, 1932, 1918, 1914.		
		Cts.	Cts.	Cts.			Cts.	Cts.	Cts.
Butcher Meat.									
Beef Sirloin	牛尾肥	lb.	84	24	12				
" Prime Cut	牛尾	"	80	28	11				
" Corned	牛尾	"	40	23	13				
" Roast	牛尾	"	84	24	22				
" Breast	牛尾	"	82	20	18				
" Soup	牛尾	"	82	20	18				
" Steak Sirloin	牛尾	"	84	24	22				
" Steak Sirloin	牛尾	"	46	30	25				
" Sausages	牛尾	"	36	26	20				
Bullock's Brains	牛尾	per set	17	10	13				
" Tongue, fresh	牛尾	each	80	50	60				
" Tongue, corned	牛尾	"	1.00	60	—				
" Head	牛尾	"	1.60	—	\$1.20				
" Heart	牛尾	lb.	84	18	14				
" Hump, salt	牛尾	"	—	20	13				
" Feet	牛尾	each	12	10	13				
" Kidneys	牛尾	"	15	10	13				
" Tail	牛尾	"	27	30	23				
" Liver	牛尾	lb.	26	18	14				
" Tripe	牛尾	"	8	6	7				
Calves Head & Feet	牛尾	set	\$1.50	\$1.00	\$1.00				
Mutton Chop	羊尾	lb.	60	26	—				
" Leg	羊尾	"	60	26	—				
" Shoulder	羊尾	"	60	24	—				
" Saddle	羊尾	"	60	—	—				
Pig's Chittings	猪尾	"	80	27	—				
" Brains	猪尾	Per set	4	—	—				
" Feet	猪尾	lb.	16	18	—				
" Fry	猪尾	"	30	16	13				
" Head	猪尾	"	20	20	—				
" Heart	猪尾	each	18	10	10				
" Kidneys	猪尾	"	15	10	8				
" Liver	猪尾	lb.	58	80	24				
Pork Chop	猪尾	"	83	25	23				
" Leg	猪尾	"	60	—	—				
" Loin	猪尾	"	44	60	70				
" Fat or Lard	猪尾	"	25	21	—				
Sheep's Head & Feet	羊尾	per set	90	60	70				
" Heart	羊尾	each	12	8	7				
" Kidneys	羊尾	"	15	13	10				
" Liver	羊尾	"	45	35	35				
Sucking Pig, to order	猪尾	lb.	25	15	23				
Suet, Beef	猪尾	"	34	20	13				
" Mutton	猪尾	"	55	26	26				
" Veal	猪尾	"	45	20	20				
" Sausages	猪尾	"	28	—	—				
No. 1									
Fish.									
Barbel	魚	lb.	35	16	24				
Bream	魚	"	30	20	16				
Caranx Fresh Water	魚	"	32	—	—				
Carp	魚	"	34	13	16				
Catfish	魚	"	30	16	27				
Codfish	魚	"	30	12	9				
Crabs	魚	"	58	16	24				
Cuttle Fish	魚	"	20	23	26				
Dab	魚	"	28	16	27				
Dace	魚	"	48	23	16				
Dog Fish	魚	"	20	10	—				
Eels, Conger	魚	"	68	10	8				
" Fresh Water	魚	"	76	16	—				
" Yellow	魚	"	50	10	8				
Frog	魚	"	1.00	26	20				
Grouper	魚	"	35	82	25				
Gudgeon	魚	"	20	40	30				
Herrings	魚	"	28	22	13				
Halibut	魚	"	34	13	23				
Labrus	魚	"	35	18	15				
Loach	魚	"	34	22	13				
Lobsters	魚	"	56	62	24				
Macarel	魚	"	46	20	20				
Monk Fish	魚	"	36	13	2				
Mullet	魚	"	45	12	2				
Oysters	魚	"	24	14	9				
Parrot Fish	魚	"	24	30	15				
Pike	魚	"	42	16	9				
Plaice	魚	"	50	38	29				
Pomfret, White	魚	"	60	33	30				
Pomfret, Black	魚	"	46	35	45				
Prawns	魚	"	84	10	14				
Ray	魚	"	24	10	14				
Rock Fish	魚	"	28	13	13				
Roach	魚	"	38	22	10				
Salmon	魚	"	54	36	30				
Shark	魚	"	20	5	10				
Shrimp	魚	"	20	10	10				
Skipper	魚	"	64	38	30				
Sole	魚	"	44	33	30				
Sole	魚	"	48	22	23				
Tench	魚	"	40	20	23				
Turbot	魚	"	38	12	12				
Turtle, small fr. water	魚	"	1.50	12	12				
Poultry.									
Chicken	雞	lb.	62	30	31				
Capon, Small	雞	"	62	28	30				
Capon, Large	雞	"	64	28	30				
Duck	鴨	"	45	22	21				
Doves	鴿	each	—	22	21				
Eggs, Hen (cooking)	蛋	per doz.	38	18	—				
Eggs, Hen (fresh)	蛋	"	40	25	30				
Fowls, Canton	雞	lb.	72	36	24				
Fowls, Hainan	雞	"	58	35	24				
Geese	鴨	"	45	24	24				
Pigeons, Canton	鴿	each	50	30	—				
" Hothow	鴿	"	45	29	—				
Turkeys, Cook	雞	lb.	80	—	—				
Turkeys, Hen	雞	"	75	61	45				
Snipe	鴨	each	30	—	—				
Phasian	鴨	pair	2.50	—	—				
Quail	鴨	each	50	—	—				
Partridges	鴨	"	1.20	—	—				
Fruits.									
Almonds	杏仁	lb.	1.20	35	—				
Apples (California)	金山蘋果	"	24	26	—				
Bananas (Bride's)	金山香蕉	"	6	4	—				
Carambola	楊桃	"	—	12	—				
Coconuts	椰子	each	14	10	10				
Lemons, China	檸檬	lb.	24	25	30				
Lemons (American)	金山檸檬	each	12	8	—				
Lichees, Dried	荔枝干	lb.	1.00	25	30				
Oranges (Canton)	新奇橙	"	28	—	—				
Oranges	橙	"	22	—	15				
Pears (Canton)	沙梨	"	30	—	—				
Peanuts	花生	"	14	10	12				
Persimmons, Large	紅柿	"	—	12	—				
Plantain	大蕉	"	—	8	—				
Pumelo, Stam	番石榴	each	16	12	8				
Walnuts	胡桃	lb.	30	—	16				
Grapes	番提子	"	—	—	—				
Vegetables, &c.									
Artichoke	竹筴菜	each	18	—	8				
Beans, Sprout	豆苗	lb.	6	—	7				
" Long	豆苗	"	—	—	8				
Beet Root	紅苕	"	12	—	—				
Bitter Squash	青瓜	"	8	24	—				
Brijajala, Green	青瓜	"	8	5	8				
" Red	紅瓜	"	6	5	8				
Cabbage, Chinese	紅頭菜	"	10	—	—				
(Shanghai)	上海菜	"	12	12	—				
Cane Shoots, bunch	竹筴菜	"	4	—	—				
Canflower (Large)	大花菜	each	—	—	—				
" (Medium)	中花菜	"	—	—	—				
" (Small)	小花菜	"	—	6	6				
Carrots	金蘭	lb.	6	5	6				
Celery, Chinese	美蘭	"	12	10	6				
Chilies, Dried	紅頭菜	"	18	25	8				
" Red	紅頭菜	"	60	10	10				
" Green	青頭菜	"	30	8	12				
Curry Stiff, English	黃頭菜	"	10	8	—				
Cucumbers	黃頭菜	"	2	—	—				
Garlic	蒜	"	6	6	—				
Ginger, Young	子薑	"	10	7	—				
" Old	薑	"	8	20	—				
Horseradish, Shanghai	美蘭	"	60	8	4				
Indian Corn	粟米	each	8	45	—				
Lettuce	生菜	lb.	6	1	—				
Water Chestnuts	荸薺	"	12	—	8				
" Mandarin	荸薺	"	14	—	8				
Mushrooms, Fresh	鮮蘑菇	"	—	—	—				
Okraos	茄子	"	—	1	10				
Onions, Bombay	洋蔥	"	10	8	8				
" Green	青蔥	"	6	4	6				
" Shanghai	上海蔥	"	8	6	8				
Parley	芹	"	35	60	8				
Potato, Sweet	甘薯	"	8	8	—				
" Japanese	日本薯	"	8	8	—				
" American	美國薯	"	8	8	—				
Pumpkin	南瓜	"	5	4	4				
Radish	紅頭菜	"	—	—	—				
Rhinbarb (Fresh)	大芥	"	80	—	10				
Shallots	蒜苗	"	8	—	8				
Spinach	菠菜	"	6	8	—				
Tomatoes	番茄	"	12	4	—				
Taroos	芋頭	"	6	7	—				
Turnips, Pencil (Long)	長白蘿蔔	"	6	6	—				
Vegetable Marrow	毛茛	"	2	—	4				
Water Cress	水芹	"	15	15	—				
Wason Lily Root	水仙根	"	6	15	—				

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A World Full of Engineers.

Having promised in jest to address the Kuala Lumpur Rotary Club on the subject of the World's most crowded profession, Mr. Steen Sechsted, B.Sc. (Copenhagen), M. I. Dan. C.E. found that he had to keep to his bargain. He treated the members to a delightfully whimsical talk, for the most part in the abstract, but with occasional references to concrete, on aspects of engineering.

He dismissed the claim of the medical profession to be the most crowded by reciting the opinion of the Emperor Tiberius that every man over 30 who is not his own best physician is a fool. And fools were legion! He was equally cavalier in his treatment of the legal profession. People found themselves repeatedly caught in the most dreadful messes, which would not be possible if they were lawyers! He quoted every man's childhood in support of his contention, however, that every man was by nature an engineer—from early playing with puddles as the basis of drainage, irrigation and canalisation schemes, to the building of sand castles at the seaside. Children were happiest in pursuit of the great profession born in all—the profession of engineering.

A Warning.

He divided the vast body of adult engineers into two groups; those who knew all that was to be known of the world's greatest and most intricate science, and those who knew very little, and that in a tiny branch, and who knew that, however much they strove, they would never accumulate more than an infinitesimal store of knowledge; and the principle gain of whose little steps forward was a multiplication of complexities. These latter were called qualified engineers, not in counter-distinction to the others, but mainly as a warning of their limitations.

Engineering was, the one profession that satisfied both spiritual and physical cravings; which took one off the beaten track. It was the profession of high adventure on fields of research and in the wilds as well.

Speaking of "the Rest," who came behind the titled engineers who possessed Westminster offices, Mr. Sechsted suggested that the planter had done more civil engineering in Malaya than any other branch of the engineering profession.

The spell cast by engineering never quite lost its grip. Occasionally it produced brainstorms which might pass without damage, or benefit by producing epoch-making inventions. One might play at gold-making and produce gun-powder.

He attributed the discovery of his own particular medium of expression, re-inforced concrete, to humble members of "the Rest"—to Monier, a market gardener who wanted to produce satisfactory flower-pots, and who had no idea of his good luck; Hennebique, a stone-mason, and Wayss, a retired publican.

VALUE OF X-RAYS IN SURGERY.

Early Efforts.

Princess Marie Louise presided in mail week at the annual meeting of the St. George's Hospital Ladies' Association, which has been formed to raise funds in aid of the hospital. Miss P. Vaughan Morgan, secretary, stated that the Rose Day of the hospital last year raised £3,100.

Dr. Stanley Melville, hon. radiologist to the hospital, spoke on the discovery of X-rays and their value in medicine and surgery. He said that on November 8, 1895, Rontgen, working in his laboratory at the University of Wurzburg, Bavaria, startled the scientific world by the announcement of the discovery of new rays differing from light rays.

At the same time, in England, Sir William Crookes made a similar discovery. Rontgen gave the rays the name of "X" (the unknown) rays.

Accidental Discovery.

The use of the rays in medical practice was said to have been suggested by the accidental exposure by a careless laboratory boy of some photographic plates in a room where experiments with X-rays were being carried out. On one of the plates, when developed, the shadow of the bones of the boy's fingers was distinctly visible.

In 1898, when he (Dr. Melville) began the work of developing the use of X-rays to medicine and surgery, he found that a number of enthusiasts were similarly engaged, with poor apparatus and little encouragement.

In the Tirah Campaign the X-rays were used for the first time in military operations. But when it was proposed in the House of Commons in 1898 to use the rays in the Soudan Campaign, the then Secretary of State for War stated that the Senior Medical Officer had been unable to trace a single case among the wounded in the Tirah Campaign where the apparatus had been of any special use. Fortunately, the then Director of the R.A.M.C. brought his influence to bear, and the Army sent to the Soudan was equipped with as good apparatus as was possible.

Aid to Diagnosis.

There was no department of medicine or surgery in which X-rays were not now used. No longer had the surgeon to be asked, except in the rarest cases, to make an exploratory operation. In the study of internal medicine the X-rays did not at first yield much promise of success. But now the diagnosis of most chest conditions, diseases of the lungs, pleurisy, tumours of the lung, were all greatly aided by X-rays.

This progress was not arrived at without grave difficulties and dangers. More than one of the earlier investigators died from dangers inherent to the practice of X-ray work, and what was causing the dangers was unknown.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

WORLD CENTRE FOR EXPLORERS.

Research Institute to Be Built at Cambridge.

An institute for Polar research is about to be built at Cambridge, in memory of Captain Robert Falcon Scott, the explorer.

Men are still prepared to risk death among the icy wastes of the polar regions—Cambridge is sending three expeditions north of the Arctic circle this year—and it is hoped that this Institute will become an international centre for the pooling of knowledge about the poles.

Dr. A. C. Seward, Master of Downing College, Cambridge, said:—

"Plans are being prepared, and building will probably start about mid-Summer. The new Institute should be ready early next year.

"Money raised as a memorial to Captain Scott was handed over to Cambridge University on condition that a Polar Research Institute was founded and a suitable building erected within 10 years.

"The institute was established seven years ago. Now, thanks largely to a gift of £4,000 from the Pilgrim Trust, we have sufficient money to erect a suitable building."

Results of Expeditions. Professor Frederick Debenham, Professor of Geography in the University and director of the institute, explained that the purpose of the institute was essentially practical.

"We want to provide facilities for those going on Polar expeditions," he said, "but most of all we want to prepare and publish the results of their work."

"I hope the Institute will become a recognised centre for map-making. A library, which we hope will become one of the best in the world dealing with the Poles, is being gathered together.

"There will also be a small museum. Specimens of sledging gear, clothing, cookers, instruments and Polar equipment of all kinds will be collected. It is often possible to get good tips for new expeditions by studying how they managed the old ones."

Telling Yarns. "Certain relics of great Polar explorers will be among our treasures. We have already Captain Scott's navigation book for his last expedition and many relics of Sir John Franklin.

"Scott himself had a genius for friendship, and apart from the scientific side we want to provide a place where folk who love the Arctic can meet and smoke and yarn in comfort."

In 1920 the death at a very early age of Dr. Ironside Bruce and the serious illness of some of the people employed in handling radium about the same time caused a great sensation. The very existence of this great aid in diagnosis and treatment was on its trial, and the name of St. George's Hospital would forever be associated with what was done in the discovery of protective remedies.

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